

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

**INTERIM UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF
30 JUNE 2026 TOGETHER WITH AUDITOR’S REVIEW REPORT**

**(Convenience translation at publicly announced unconsolidated
financial statements and Independent Auditor's Report originally
issued in Turkish, See Note. I. of Section three.)**



AUDITOR’S REVIEW REPORT ON INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor’s review report originally issued in Turkish,
See Note I of Section Three)

To the General Assembly of İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası Anonim Şirketi:

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying unconsolidated balance sheet of İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası Anonim Şirketi (“the Bank”) at 30 June 2026 and the related unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, unconsolidated statement of changes in shareholders’ equity, unconsolidated statement of cash flows and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes to the financial statements for the six-months period then ended. The Bank Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of interim financial information in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (“BRSA”) Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation which includes “Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents” published in the Official Gazette no.26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of Banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency and circulars and interpretations published by BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” for those matters not regulated by the aforementioned regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements (SRE) 2410, “Limited Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial reporting process, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review of interim financial information is substantially less in scope than an independent audit performed in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards and the objective of which is to express an opinion on the financial statements. Consequently, a review of the interim financial information does not provide assurance that the audit firm will be aware of all significant matters which would have been identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying unconsolidated financial information does not present fairly in all material respects the financial position of İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası Anonim Şirketi at 30 June 2026 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-months period then ended in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation.

Report on other regulatory requirements arising from legislation

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial information provided in the accompanying interim activity report in Section Seven, is not consistent with the reviewed unconsolidated financial statements and disclosures in all material respects.

Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation:

BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation explained in detail in Section Three differ from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board including the application of IAS 29 - Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies as of 30 June 2026. Accordingly, the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements are not intended to present fairly the unconsolidated financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with IFRS.

PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve
Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş.

Özge Arslan Yılmaz, SMMM
Independent Auditor

Istanbul, 6 August 2026

**CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION OF PUBLICLY
ANNOUNCED UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REVIEW
REPORT
ORIGINALLY ISSUED IN TURKISH, SEE IN NOTE I. OF SECTION THREE
THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT OF
ISTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.S. AS OF 30 JUNE 2026**

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The unconsolidated financial report for the six months period ended prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on the Financial Statements and Related Policies and Disclosures to be Publicly Announced" as regulated by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, is consist of the section listed below:

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK
- UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE ACCOUNTING POLICIES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- INFORMATION ON THE FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT OF THE BANK
- EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES RELATED TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
- INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

The accompanying unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these financial statements for the six months period ended which are expressed, unless otherwise stated, in millions of Turkish Lira have been prepared and presented based on the accounting books of the Bank in accordance with the Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting and Keeping of Documents, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, and related appendices and interpretations of these, and have been endently reviewed.

Dr. Mahmut KAYACIK
Chairman of the Board of
Directors

Prof. Dr. Münevver ÇETİN
Chairman of the Audit
Committee

Murat TACİR
Member of the Audit
Committee

Dr. Yunus ARINCI
General Manager
Board Member

Murat GÖRGÜN
Executive Vice President

Oya DEMİRDAĞ
Director

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:

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**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR
ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

**SECTION ONE
GENERAL INFORMATION**

I. Bank's establishment date, start-up statute, history about the changes in this mentioned statute

The Bank was originally set up as a department of the Borsa İstanbul A.S. ("BIAS") (formerly "İstanbul Menkul Kıymetler Borsası") and reorganized under a separate company named İMKB Takas ve Saklama A.S. on 12 July 1991, was transformed into a non-deposit taking bank on 8 August 1995 with the name İMKB Takas ve Saklama Bankası A.Ş., as published in the Official Gazette dated 23 March 1995 with the decision of the Council of Ministers No. 95/6551. According to the decision made in 18th Ordinary Meeting of the Bank General Assembly dated 29 March 2013, title of the Bank has been changed into İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası A.Ş. (Here in after referred to as "Takasbank" or the "Bank") and this title change was approved in 11 April 2013. The name of the Bank has been renovated as "Takasbank" or "Takas İstanbul" with the resolution of the ordinary general meeting dated 9 June 2017 and numbered 22.

II. Explanation about the Bank's capital structure, shareholders who directly or indirectly, solely or jointly undertake the management and control of the Bank, any changes in the period, and information on the Bank's risk group

As of 30 June 2026 and 31 December 2025, the shareholders' structure and their respective ownerships are summarized as follows:

No	Name of Shareholders	Current Period			Prior Period		
		Paid in Capital	%	Number	Paid in Capital	%	Number
1	Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.	385.07	64.18	1	385.07	64.18	1
2	Tacirler Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	30.00	5.00	1	30.00	5.00	1
3	Phillip Capital Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	30.00	5.00	1	30.00	5.00	1
4	Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	29.69	4.95	1	29.69	4.95	1
5	Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	26.28	4.38	1	26.28	4.38	1
6	Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	26.24	4.37	1	26.24	4.37	1
7	Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	26.24	4.37	1	26.24	4.37	1
8	Other (Intermediary Institution)	26.40	4.40	24	26.40	4.40	24
9	Other (Bank)	20.10	3.35	8	20.10	3.35	8
Total		600.00	100.00	39	600.00	100.00	39

64.18% of the Bank's share belongs to BIAS. BIAS was established on the date of the entry into force of the Law to carry out stock market activities in accordance with Article 138 of the Capital Markets Law No. 6362, which was published in the Official Gazette on 30 December 2012 and entered into force. BIAS shall ensure that capital market instruments, foreign exchange and precious metals and precious stones and other contracts, documents and valuables deemed appropriate by the Capital Markets Board can be bought and sold in a transparent, effective, competitive, honest and stable environment easily and safely under the conditions of free competition markets, platforms and systems and other organized market places to facilitate the gathering of these orders and to determine and announce the prices that are formed and to establish and maintain these and other stock exchanges or other market places is an institution with private legal entity established on the basis of the Capital Markets Law No. 6362 to manage and/or operate the markets of the stock exchanges.

Dividend payment

At the General Assembly meeting held on 26 March 2026, it was decided to make a dividend payment of TRY5,844 to shareholders. Dividend payments were made on 29 June 2026.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR
ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

III. Explanation on the Board of Directors, members of the audit committee, president and executive vice presidents, changes in these matters (if any) and shares of the Bank they possess

Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors

Name Surname	Area of Responsibility
Dr. Mahmut Kayacık	Chairman
Korkmaz Ergun	Deputy Chairman of the Board
Dr. Yunus Arıncı	Member (General Manager –Chairman of the Credit Committee)
Prof. Dr. Münevver Çetin	Member (Chairman of the Audit Committee – Member of the Risk Committee)
Murat Tacir	Member (Chairman of the Risk Committee – Member of the Audit Committee)
Muhsin Atıcı	Member (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee – Reserve Member of the Credit Committee)
Bilal Şentürk	Member (Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee – Noble Member of the Credit Committee)
Murat Onuk	Member (Noble Member of the Credit Committee – Member of the Corporate Governance Committee)
Hasan Yıldırım	Member (Member of the Remuneration Committee - Reserve Member of the Credit Committee)

General Manager and Deputy General Managers

Name Surname	Area of Responsibility
Dr. Yunus Arıncı	General Manager Chairman of the Credit Committee
Gökhan Elibol	Vice President — Markets and Operations
Murat Görgün	Vice President — Central Counterparty and Financial Services
Taşkın Öker	Vice President Information Technologies

Explanations Regarding the Shares They Own in the Bank and Their Areas of Responsibility

None. (31 December 2025: None).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR
ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)**IV. Information on the Bank's Qualified Shareholders**

Shareholding in the Bank's shares, except BIAS, does not exceed 5% as stated in the Articles of Association of the Bank. 64.18% of the Bank belongs to BIAS. The Bank has no preferred shares as of 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: None). The preferred shares belonging to BIAS grants to shareholders the right to nominate four candidates to be elected to the Board of Directors by the General Assembly).

Name Surname	Share Proportions	Paid-in Shares	Unpaid Shares
Business Name	Share Amount		
BIAS	385.07	64.18	385
			-

V. Information on the Bank's Function and Areas of Activity

The main purpose of the Bank is to increase our country's market competitiveness by providing settlement and custody services, providing financial services, and performing all types of economic activities within the scope of the relevant legislation.

The areas of activity that are specified in the Bank's Articles of Association, in general, are as follows:

- Providing all financial services, and primarily central bartering services and central counterparty services, activity of settlement and custody, market management, establishing and making payments, transfer and reconciliation systems, and banking activities;
- Financial services related to international markets including all kinds of payments, transfers, settlements, custody, and reconciliation services;
- Performing judiciary activities and signing all agreements related to its subject, signing written contracts, notes, and miscellaneous notes, acquiring all kinds of rights and receivables and binding debts;
- Purchasing, manufacturing, constructing, acquiring in other ways, renting, partially or completely, selling when necessary, transferring and leasing, and establishing all kinds of real rights on moveable and immoveable goods or removing all kinds of moveable and immoveable goods as well as all kinds of rights associated with them;
- All kinds of loaning and borrowing required by its activities, in line with corporate management principles as determined by banking and capital market legislation, as well as providing and obtaining personal in cash or in kind guarantees such as sureties, pledges, mortgages, and enterprise pledges in its favour or in favour of others, and transferring or cancelling these;
- Exporting all types of capital market instruments within the framework of Capital Markets legislation;
- Establish partnerships with domestic and foreign organizations and join existing partnerships.

VI. Current or Likely Actual or Legal Barriers to Immediate Transfer of Equity or Repayment of Debts Between Parent Bank and its Subsidiaries:

None. (31 December 2025: None).

SECTION TWO
UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- I. Balance Sheet (Statement of Financial Position)
- II. Statement of Off-balance Sheet
- III. Statement of Profit or Loss
- IV. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
- V. Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
- VI. Statement of Cash Flow

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.
**UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)
AT 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION TWO
I. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)

Assets	Notes	Reviewed Current Period			Audited Prior Period		
		30 June 2026			31 December 2025		
		TRY	FC	Total	TRY	FC	Total
I. FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)		373,839	54,554	428,393	259,748	43,054	302,802
1.1 Cash and Cash Equivalents		373,711	53,460	427,171	259,631	41,995	301,626
1.1.1 Cash and Balances with Central Bank	I-(1)	231,346	-	231,346	120,000	-	120,000
1.1.2 Banks	I-(3)	132,961	53,460	186,421	135,421	41,995	177,416
1.1.3 Money Markets	I-(3)	9,611	-	9,611	4,405	-	4,405
1.1.4 Expected Loss Provision (-)	I-(3)	207	-	207	195	-	195
1.2 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	I-(2)	124	1,089	1,213	113	1,054	1,167
1.2.1 Government Debt Securities		110	-	110	99	-	99
1.2.2 Equity Instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.3 Other Financial Assets		14	1,089	1,103	14	1,054	1,068
1.3 Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	I-(4)	4	5	9	4	5	9
1.3.1 Government Debt Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.2 Equity Instruments		4	5	9	4	5	9
1.3.3 Other Financial Assets		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4 Derivative Financial Assets	I-(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4.1 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.4.2 Derivative Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-	-	-
II. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST (Net)		17,017	8,214	25,231	6,289	10,549	16,838
2.1 Loans	I-(6)	11,794	-	11,794	3,146	-	3,146
2.2 Lease receivables	I-(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3 Factoring receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4 Other financial assets measured at amortized cost	I-(7)	5,244	8,214	13,458	3,157	10,549	13,706
2.4.1 Government debt securities		3,902	94	3,996	3,114	261	3,375
2.4.2 Other financial assets		1,342	8,120	9,462	43	10,288	10,331
2.5 Expected Loss Provision (-)		21	-	21	14	-	14
III. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE PURPOSE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	I-(13)	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1 Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
IV. EQUITY INVESTMENTS		5	-	5	5	-	5
4.1 Investments in Associates (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.1 Associates Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.2 Unconsolidated Associates		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2 Subsidiaries (Net)		5	-	5	5	-	5
4.2.1 Unconsolidated Financial Subsidiaries		5	-	5	5	-	5
4.2.2 Unconsolidated Non-Financial Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3 Joint Ventures (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.1 Joint Ventures Valued Based on Equity Method		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.3.2 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-
V. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Net)		185	-	185	139	-	139
VI. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)		737	-	737	478	-	478
6.1 Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-
6.2 Other		737	-	737	478	-	478
VII. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Net)	I-(12)	402	-	402	402	-	402
VIII. CURRENT TAX ASSET		-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. DEFERRED TAX ASSET	I-(14)	399	-	399	520	-	520
X. OTHER ASSETS (Net)	I-(15)	1,535	25	1,560	1,035	9	1,044
TOTAL ASSETS		394,119	62,793	456,912	268,616	53,612	322,228

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.
**UNCONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION)
AT 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

I. BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) (Continued)

LIABILITIES	Notes	Reviewed Current Period		Audited Prior Period	
		30 June 2026		31 December 2025	
		TRY	FC	TRY	FC
I. FUNDS COLLECTED		-	-	-	-
II. FUNDS BORROWED	II-(2)	17,489	3,940	21,429	9,240
III. MONEY MARKETS DEBTS		-	-	-	2,873
IV. SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		-	-	-	-
4.1 Bills		-	-	-	-
4.2 Asset Backed Securities		-	-	-	-
4.3 Bonds		-	-	-	-
V. FUNDS	II-(3)	349,391	58,465	407,856	232,399
5.1 Borrower Funds		-	-	-	-
5.2 Other		349,391	58,465	407,856	232,399
VI. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		-	-	-	-
VII. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	II-(1)	-	-	-	-
7.1 Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-	-	-
7.2 Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-	-	-
VIII. FACTORING PAYABLES		-	-	-	-
IX. PAYABLES	II-(4)	29	-	29	1
X. PROVISIONS	II-(5)	1,025	-	1,025	1,410
10.1 Restructuring Provisions		-	-	-	-
10.2 Reserve for Employee Benefits		297	-	297	197
10.3 Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		-	-	-	-
10.4 Other Provisions		728	-	728	1,213
XI. CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	II-(6)	2,837	-	2,837	1,845
XII. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-
XIII. LIABILITIES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT HELD FOR SALE AND RELATED TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)		-	-	-	-
13.1 Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-
13.2 Related to Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XIV. SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS		-	-	-	-
14.1 Loans		-	-	-	-
14.2 Other Debt Instruments		-	-	-	-
XV. OTHER LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-
XVI. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	II-(7)	23,736	-	23,736	21,281
16.1 Paid-in capital		600	-	600	600
16.2 Capital Reserves		36	-	36	36
16.2.1 Share Premium		33	-	33	33
16.2.2 Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-
16.2.3 Other Capital Reserve		3	-	3	3
16.3 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		(23)	-	(23)	(23)
16.4 Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified Through Profit or Loss		-	-	-	-
16.5 Profit Reserves		14,800	-	14,800	8,956
16.5.1 Legal Reserves		1,495	-	1,495	914
16.5.2 Status Reserves		-	-	-	-
16.5.3 Extraordinary Reserves		13,131	-	13,131	8,032
16.5.4 Other Profit Reserves		174	-	174	10
16.6 Income or (Loss)		8,323	-	8,323	11,712
16.6.1 Prior Periods' Income or (Loss)		23	-	23	23
16.6.2 Current Period Income or (Loss)		8,300	-	8,300	11,689
16.7 Share Premium		-	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		394,507	62,405	456,912	269,049
					53,179
					322,228

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.
**UNCONSOLIDATED OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS
AS OF 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

II. OFF-BALANCE SHEET

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS		Notes	Reviewed Current Period		Audited Prior Period	
			30 June 2026		31 December 2025	
			TRY	FC	TRY	FC
A.	OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)		212,166	-	212,166	145,833
I.	GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES	III-(1)	204,300	-	204,300	142,268
1.1.	Letters of Guarantee		-	-	-	-
1.1.1.	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		-	-	-	-
1.1.2.	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-
1.1.3.	Other Letters of Guarantee		-	-	-	-
1.2.	Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-
1.2.1.	Import Letter of Acceptance		-	-	-	-
1.2.2.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-
1.3.	Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-
1.3.1.	Documentary Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-
1.3.2.	Other Letters of Credit		-	-	-	-
1.4.	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee		-	-	-	-
1.5.	Endorsements		-	-	-	-
1.5.1.	Endorsements to the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye		-	-	-	-
1.5.2.	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-
1.6.	Other Guarantees		-	-	-	-
1.7.	Other Collaterals		-	-	-	-
1.8.	Import Letter of Acceptance		204,300	-	204,300	142,268
1.9.	Other Bank Acceptances		-	-	-	-
II.	COMMITMENTS	III-(1)	7,866	-	7,866	3,565
2.1.	Irrevocable Commitments		7,866	-	7,866	3,565
2.1.1.	Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.1.2.	Deposit Purchase and Sales Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.1.3.	Share Capital Commitments to Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-
2.1.4.	Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.1.5.	Securities Issue Brokerage Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.1.6.	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	-	-
2.1.7.	Payment commitment for checks		-	-	-	-
2.1.8.	Tax and Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.1.9.	Commitments for Credit Card Limits		-	-	-	-
2.1.10.	Commitments for Credit Cards and Banking Services Promotions		-	-	-	-
2.1.11.	Receivables from Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-
2.1.12.	Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-
2.1.13.	Other Irrevocable Commitments		7,866	-	7,866	3,565
2.2.	Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.2.1.	Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-
2.2.2.	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-
III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		-	-	-	-
3.1.	Hedging Derivative Financial Instruments		-	-	-	-
3.1.1.	Fair value hedge		-	-	-	-
3.1.2.	Cash flow hedge		-	-	-	-
3.1.3.	Foreign Net Investment Hedges		-	-	-	-
3.2.	Trading Derivative Financial Instruments		-	-	-	-
3.2.1.	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions		-	-	-	-
3.2.1.1.	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.1.2.	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.2.	Swap Transactions Related to Foreign Currency and Interest Rates		-	-	-	-
3.2.2.1.	Foreign Currency Swap-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.2.2.	Foreign Currency Swap-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.2.3.	Interest Rate Swap-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.2.4.	Interest Rate Swap-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.	Foreign Currency, Interest rate and Securities Options		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.1.	Foreign Currency Options-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.2.	Foreign Currency Options-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.3.	Interest Rate Options-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.4.	Interest Rate Options-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.5.	Securities Options-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.3.6.	Securities Options-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.4.	Foreign Currency Futures		-	-	-	-
3.2.4.1.	Foreign Currency Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.4.2.	Foreign Currency Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.5.	Interest Rate Futures		-	-	-	-
3.2.5.1.	Interest Rate Futures-Buy		-	-	-	-
3.2.5.2.	Interest Rate Futures-Sell		-	-	-	-
3.2.6.	Other		-	-	-	-
B.	CUSTODY AND PLEDGES RECEIVED (IV+V+VI)		18,281,551	32,080	18,313,631	15,423,482
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY	III-(1)	17,148,907	-	17,148,907	14,610,371
4.1.	Customer Fund and Portfolio Balances		9	-	9	9
4.2.	Investment Securities Held in Custody		17,148,896	-	17,148,896	14,610,360
4.3.	Checks Received for Collection		-	-	-	-
4.4.	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		-	-	-	-
4.5.	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-
4.6.	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-	-
4.7.	Other Items Under Custody		2	-	2	2
4.8.	Custodians		-	-	-	-
V.	PLEDGES RECEIVED		1,132,644	32,080	1,164,724	813,111
5.1.	Marketable Securities		230,531	26,885	257,416	158,626
5.2.	Guarantee Notes		-	-	-	-
5.3.	Commodity		-	-	-	-
5.4.	Warranty		-	-	-	-
5.5.	Properties		-	-	-	-
5.6.	Other Pledged Items		902,113	5,195	907,308	654,485
5.7.	Pledged Items-Depository		-	-	-	-
VI.	ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND WARRANTIES		-	-	-	-
TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (A+B)			18,493,717	32,080	18,525,797	15,569,315

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.
**UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

III. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

INCOME STATEMENT		Notes	Reviewed Current Period 01/01/2026- 30/06/2026	Reviewed Prior Period 01/01/2025- 30/06/2025	Reviewed Current Period 01/04/2026- 30/06/2026	Reviewed Prior Period 01/04/2025- 30/06/2025
I.	INTEREST INCOME		9,532	6,588	5,409	3,590
1.1	Interest on Loans	IV-(1)	1,654	789	1,163	483
1.2	Interest Received from Reserve Requirements		-	-	-	-
1.3	Interest Received from Banks	IV-(1)	6,791	5,028	3,608	2,632
1.4	Interest Received from Money Market Transactions		-	-	-	-
1.5	Interest Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio	IV-(1)	1,031	761	614	471
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		43	48	27	24
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	IV-(1)	988	713	587	447
1.6	Financial Lease Income		-	-	-	-
1.7	Other Interest Income		56	10	24	4
II.	INTEREST EXPENSE	IV-(2)	2,156	1,004	1,318	585
2.1	Interest on Deposits		-	-	-	-
2.2	Interest on Funds Borrowed		2,093	972	1,317	553
2.3	Interest Expense on Money Market Transactions		62	32	-	32
2.4	Interest on Securities Issued		-	-	-	-
2.5	Lease Interest Expenses		1	-	1	-
2.6	Other Interest Expenses		-	-	-	-
III.	NET INTEREST INCOME (I - II)		7,376	5,584	4,091	3,005
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		6,798	3,967	3,542	2,055
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		7,938	4,370	4,101	2,263
4.1.1	Non-cash Loans		-	-	-	-
4.1.2	Other	IV-(11)	7,938	4,370	4,101	2,263
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		1,140	403	559	208
4.2.1	Non-cash Loans		-	-	-	-
4.2.2	Other		1,140	403	559	208
V.	DIVIDEND INCOME	IV-(3)	382	299	382	299
VI.	TRADING INCOME / LOSS (Net)	IV-(4)	58	138	16	71
6.1	Trading Gains/ Losses on Securities		5	27	(5)	10
6.2	Trading Gains/ Losses on Derivative Financial Instruments		3	23	-	20
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains/ Losses		50	88	21	41
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	IV-(5)	88	33	30	2
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING INCOME (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		14,702	10,021	8,061	5,432
IX.	EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS (-)	IV-(6)	21	89	3	71
X.	OTHER PROVISION EXPENSES (-)	IV-(7)	657	370	309	188
XI.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)	IV-(7)	1,802	1,029	906	528
XII.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	IV-(7)	686	516	312	255
XIII.	NET OPERATING INCOME/ LOSS (VIII+...+XII)		11,536	8,017	6,531	4,390
XIV.	EXCESS AMOUNT RECORDED AS INCOME AFTER MERGER		-	-	-	-
XV.	INCOME/ LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED		-	-	-	-
XVI.	BASED ON EQUITY METHOD		-	-	-	-
XVII.	INCOME/ LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	-	-	-
XVIII.	INCOME/ LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XIII+...+XVI)		11,536	8,017	6,531	4,390
XIX.	TAX PROVISION FOR CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±)	IV-(8)	(3,236)	(2,243)	(1,802)	(1,195)
18.1	Current Tax Provision		(3,115)	(2,285)	(1,908)	(1,312)
18.2	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (+)		(277)	(98)	(11)	(4)
18.3	Deferred Tax Income Effect (-)		156	140	117	121
XX.	NET INCOME/ LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (XVIII±XIX)	IV-(9)	8,300	5,774	4,729	3,195
XXI.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-	-	-
20.1	Income from Non-Current Assets Held for Resale		-	-	-	-
20.2	Sale Income from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
20.3	Other Income from Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXII.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	-	-	-
21.1	Expense from Non-Current Assets Held for Resale		-	-	-	-
21.2	Sale Losses from Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		-	-	-	-
21.3	Other Expenses from Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-
XXIII.	INCOME/LOSS BEFORE TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XX-XXI)		-	-	-	-
XXIV.	TAX PROVISION FOR DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)		-	-	-	-
23.1	Current Tax Provision		-	-	-	-
23.2	Deferred Tax Income Effect (+)		-	-	-	-
23.3	Deferred Tax Expense Effect (-)		-	-	-	-
XXV.	NET PROFIT/ LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (XXII±XXIII)		-	-	-	-
25.1	Group's profit/loss		-	-	-	-
25.2	Minority shares profit/loss (-)		-	-	-	-
XXVI.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XIX+XXIV)	IV-(10)	8,300	5,774	4,729	3,195
	Earnings / (Loss) Per Share (Full TRY)		13,8333	9,6233	7,8817	5,3250

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.**UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Thousands of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

IV. STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Reviewed	Reviewed
		Current Period	Prior Period
		1 January	1 January-
		30 June 2026	30 June 2025
I.	CURRENT PERIOD INCOME/LOSS	8,300	5,774
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-	(1)
2.1	Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	(1)
2.1.1	Property and Equipment Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.2	Intangible Assets Revaluation Increase/Decrease	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Remeasurement Gain/Loss	-	(1)
2.1.4	Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.1	Foreign Currency Translation Differences	-	-
2.2.2	Valuation and/or Reclassification Income/Expense of the Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
2.2.3	Cash Flow Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.4	Foreign Net Investment Hedge Income/Loss	-	-
2.2.5	Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Losses	-	-
2.2.6	Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Reclassified Through Profit or Loss	-	-
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	8,300	5,773

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

UNCONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS'S EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss							Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss									
Changes in shareholders' equity																		
						Revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets	Defined benefit plans' actuarial gains/losses			Income/expenses from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI		Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders Equity	
Reviewed		Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves				Translation differences									
	Current Period																	
I.	1 January 2026-30 June 2026	600	33	-	3	-	(23)	-	-	-	-	8,956	11,711	-	21,280	-	21,280	
	Prior Period End Balance	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.1	Effects of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	600	33		3	-	(23)	-	-	-	-	8,956	11,711	-	21,280	-	21,280	
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,300	8,300	-	8,300	
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,844	(11,688)	-	(5,844)	-	(5,844)	
11.1	Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,844)	-	(5,844)	-	(5,844)	
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,844	(5,844)	-	-	-	-	
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Period-End Balance (III+IV+.....+X+XI)	600	33	-	3	-	(23)	-	-	-	-	14,800	23	8,300	23,736	-	23,736	

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

UNCONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS'S EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

V. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Not Reclassified through Profit or Loss							Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Expense Reclassified through Profit or Loss									
Changes in shareholders' equity																		
					Revaluation surplus on tangible and intangible assets	Defined benefit plans' actuarial gains/losses	Other	Translation differences	Income/expenses from valuation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at FVOCI	Other	Profit Reserves	Prior Period Profit or (Loss)	Current Period Profit or (Loss)	Total Equity Except from Minority Interest	Minority Interest	Total Shareholders Equity		
Reviewed	Paid-in Capital	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves														
Prior Period 1 January 2025-30 June 2025																		
I.	Prior Period End Balance	600	33	-	3	-	(24)	-	-	-	4,820	8,297	-	13,729	-	13,729		
II.	Corrections and Accounting Policy Changes Made According to TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.1	Effects of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2.2	Effects of the Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
III.	Adjusted Beginning Balance (I+II)	600	33	-	3	-	(24)	-	-	-	4,820	8,297	-	13,729	-	13,729		
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	5,774	5,773	-	5,773		
V.	Capital Increase by Cash	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VI.	Capital Increase by Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VIII.	Convertible Bonds to Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
IX.	Subordinated Debt Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
X.	Increase/Decrease by Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,137	(8,274)	-	(4,137)	-	(4,137)		
11.1	Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,137)	-	(4,137)	-	(4,137)		
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,137	(4,137)	-	-	-	-		
11.3	Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Period-End Balance (III+IV+.....+X+XI)		600	33	-	3	-	(25)	-	-	-	8,957	23	5,774	15,365	-	15,365		

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.
**UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

VI. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Notes	Reviews	Reviewed
		Current Period	Prior Period
		1 January – 30 June 2026	1 January – 30 June 2025
A. CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS			
1.1 Operating Profit/ (Loss) Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		7,829	3,864
1.1.1 Interest Received		9,265	5,855
1.1.2 Interest Paid		(2,153)	(986)
1.1.3 Dividend Received		382	299
1.1.4 Fees and Commissions Received		7,938	3,971
1.1.5 Other Income		88	33
1.1.6 Collections from Previously Written-off Loans and Other Receivables		-	-
1.1.7 Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers		(1,991)	(1,113)
1.1.8 Taxes Paid		(2,526)	(1,881)
1.1.9 Other		(3,174)	(2,314)
1.2 Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		122,923	63,270
1.2.1 Net increase/decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(46)	746
1.2.2 Net (increase) / decrease in Due from Banks and Other Financial Institutions		(396)	(41)
1.2.3 Net (increase) / decrease in Loans		(8,645)	(4,801)
1.2.4 Net (increase) / decrease in Other Assets		225	(2,422)
1.2.5 Net increase / (decrease) in Bank Deposits		-	-
1.2.6 Net increase / (decrease) in Other Deposits		-	-
1.2.7 Net increase/decrease in Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
1.2.8 Net increase/(decrease) in Funds Borrowed		(5,387)	29,962
1.2.9 Net increase/(decrease) in Payables		-	-
1.2.10 Net increase/(decrease) in Other Liabilities		137,172	39,826
I. Net Cash Flows from Banking Operations		130,752	67,134
B. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
II. Net Cash Provided from Investing Activities		(50)	(2,322)
2.1 Cash Paid for Acquisition of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.2 Cash Obtained from Disposal of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries		-	-
2.3 Purchases of Property and Equipment		(415)	(143)
2.4 Disposals of Property and Equipment		31	-
2.5 Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
2.6 Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
2.7 Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		(6,018)	(7,068)
2.8 Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		6,352	4,889
2.9 Other		-	-
C. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
III. Net Cash Provided from Financing Activities		(5,723)	(4,180)
3.1 Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	-
3.2 Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued		-	-
3.3 Issued Capital Instruments		-	-
3.4 Dividends Paid		(5,844)	(4,137)
3.5 Payments for Leases		1	-
3.6 Other		120	(43)
IV. Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		182	848
V. Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (I+II+III+IV)		125,161	61,480
VI. Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period		300,732	176,950
VII. Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period		425,893	238,430

The accompanying explanations and notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION THREE

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Basis of Presentation

Presentation of financial statements

The Bank prepared its financial statements in accordance with the "Regulation on Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Applications and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 and numbered 26333 and other regulations published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency regarding the accounting and record keeping of banks as well as Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents", "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 28 June 2012 and numbered 28333, and "Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated June 28, 2012 and numbered 28333; "BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation" and the amendments dated 1 February 2019 to the "Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 28 June 2012 and numbered 28337.

The format and content of the publicly announced unconsolidated financial statements and notes to these statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced by Banks" and "Communiqué on Public Disclosures Related to Risk Management by Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated 28 June 2012 and numbered 28337. The Bank maintains its books of account in Turkish Lira in accordance with the Banking Law, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish tax legislation.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires management to make estimates and assumptions about assets and liabilities and contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Such assumptions and estimates are reviewed regularly, necessary adjustments are made and the effect of such adjustments is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Pursuant to the amendment made by the BRSA on 30 April 2026 to the Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes to be Publicly Announced by Banks, the presentation currency of the financial statements has been changed from Thousand Turkish Lira (Thousand TRY) to Million Turkish Lira (Million TRY). In line with this change, comparative financial information for the previous period has also been presented in Million TRY in order to ensure comparability of the financial statements.

Amounts are expressed in millions of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.

The accounting policies followed in the preparation of the financial statements and the valuation principles applied have been determined in accordance with the regulations, communiqués, explanations, and circulars issued by the BRSA regarding accounting and financial reporting principles, as well as the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS) and Turkish Accounting Standard 34 (TAS 34) put into effect by the POA in areas not regulated by the BRSA legislation (collectively referred to as the 'BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation').

The Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies Standard ("TMS 29") addresses economies experiencing high inflation, establishes the threshold for determining whether an economy is considered hyperinflationary, and explains how the financial statements of entities whose functional currency that of a hyperinflationary economy is should be adjusted for inflation. In the announcement published by the Public Oversight, Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority on 23 November 2023, regarding the Inflation Adjustment of Financial Statements of Companies Subject to Independent Audit, regulatory and supervisory institutions were granted flexibility to determine different transition dates for the application of inflation accounting. By the BRSA's decision dated 18 December 2025 and numbered 11340, the decision dated 11 January 2024 and numbered 10825 was repealed; it was announced that banks, as well as financial leasing, factoring, financing, savings finance, and asset management companies, would not be subject to inflation adjustment in 2026.

The accounting policies applied in the current period are consistent with those of the previous period's financial statements. The accounting policies followed and the valuation principles used in the preparation of the financial statements are presented in detail.

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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

II. Explanations on Usage Strategy of Financial Assets and Foreign Currency Transactions

The Bank places its funds in domestic and foreign banks, in interbank money markets, and treasury bills and government bonds. These instruments are assumed to have higher yields compared to other financial instruments and bear lower risk. For the purpose of maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due, the Bank makes overnight or weekly placements in money markets. The most significant financing resources are guarantees of the members, short term placements and the shareholders' equity of the Bank. In making long-term placements, the high yield principle is considered, and accordingly, the Bank invests in government bonds and treasury bills.

There are no areas where the Bank's return is above the average return calculated for the Bank's fields of activity. The Bank conducts transactions in money and capital markets. In order to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risks in the areas of transactions, the Bank pays attention to the equality of assets and liabilities in terms of maturity, currency and amount in the balance sheet transactions.

The Bank may make transactions in derivatives or structured products defined as off-balance sheet in order to manage the balance sheet or to ensure the profitability of the transactions. With respect to the transactions in money and capital markets, the transaction limits determined in these markets have been determined as risk limits. The Bank has no transactions in other foreign currencies that give rise to liabilities or have a negative impact on the net asset position.

III. Explanations on Investments in Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

Investments in associates and subsidiaries are accounted in accordance with the "Turkish Accounting Standard on Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements Standard" ("TAS 27") and non-financial associates, subsidiaries are stated with their cost values at the financial statements after the provision for impairment deducted.

IV. Explanations on Forward and Options Contract and Derivative Instruments

Bank's derivative instruments mainly consist of swap transactions for hedging purposes. The Bank has no derivative financial instruments designated as hedging instruments or embedded derivative financial instruments.

Receivables and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are recorded in off-balance sheet accounts at their contractual amounts. Derivative instruments are remeasured at fair value after initial recognition. In accordance with the classification of the derivative instrument, if the fair value of a derivative financial instrument is positive, it is recorded to the account "Derivative Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income"; if the fair value difference is negative, it is disclosed in "Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss" or "Derivative Financial Liabilities Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income". Differences in the fair value of trading derivative instruments are accounted as income/loss from derivative financial transactions under "trading income/loss" item in the income statement.

Explanations Regarding Derivative Products for Trading Purposes

Within the scope of balance sheet management, currency swap transactions are conducted for the purpose of liquidity management and the protection of the held portfolio. As of 30 June 2026, the bank does not have any derivative liability recognized as "the portion of changes in fair value of derivative financial liabilities recognized in profit or loss" arising from swap transactions.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Explanations on Interest Income and Expenses

Interest is recorded according to the effective interest rate method (rate equal to the rate in calculation of present value of future cash flows of financial assets or liabilities) defined in the TFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” standard by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets or financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets.

VI. Explanations on Fees and Commission Income and Expense

Fees and commissions, excluding those that are an integral part of the effective interest rate of financial instruments measured at amortized cost, are accounted for in accordance with the “TFRS 15-Revenue from Contracts with Customers” standard. Fees and commission income/expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis or the effective interest method, depending on the nature of the transaction. Income received in return for services rendered through contracts or transactions such as asset purchase or asset sale for a third natural or legal person are transferred to income accounts in the period they are collected.

The Bank performs banking services by establishing and operating central clearing and central counterparty services, custody activities, market operation, payment, transfer and settlement systems. The Bank collects fees and commissions from its customers for the services it provides, including custody, clearing, membership, interest accrual, market operation, fund transfer services, transaction commissions, securities lending market operations, fund/partnership services, TEFAS and BEFAS fund price notifications, cash correspondent services, account transactions and reporting, transaction/contract amendments, account opening, maintenance and transfer, CSD (Central Securities Depository) data storage and reporting, collateral deposit and withdrawal, fund valuation and reporting, crowdfunding custodian services, numbering and code inquiry, data dissemination, conditional transfer, electronic central collateral registry (EMKT), cheque default calculation, local/foreign currency payments, delayed EFT, position transfer, VIOP option exercise, VIOP give-up revenues, individual pension services, collateral and guarantee fund management, electronic reference letter management, distressed member portfolio management, SWIFT member email reports, BİGA trading commissions, physical gold delivery requests against BİGA, land registry clearing, and vehicle clearing services. The fees and commissions are recognized under the "Fee and Commission Income" account item on an accrual basis at the time of the transaction, daily, monthly, or annually, depending on the type of service.

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets

The Bank recognizes its financial assets as “Fair Value Through Profit or Loss”, “Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income” or “Measured at Amortized Cost”. Such financial assets are recognized or derecognized according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The Bank recognizes a financial asset or financial liability on its balance sheet only when it is party to the contractual provisions of the financial lease. The Bank derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial asset have expired or the financial assets have been transferred and the conditions for derecognition have been met. A financial liability (or part of a financial liability) is only recognized when the liability has expired; in other words, it is removed from the statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is fulfilled, cancelled or time out.

The Bank categorizes its financial assets as “Fair Value Through Profit/Loss”, “Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income” or “Measured at Amortized Cost” based on the matters below:

- The business model used by the entity for the management of financial assets,
- Properties of contractual cash flows of a financial asset.

When the business model determined by the Bank management is changed, all financial assets affected by this change are reclassified. Reclassification of financial assets is applied prospectively from the date of reclassification. In such cases, there no adjustment to earnings, losses (including impairment gain or loss) or interest received previously in the financial statements is made.

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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets (Continued)

a. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement.

b. Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income

Financial assets are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income if the assets are being held in line with a business model that aims collection of contractual cash flows or sale of assets and additionally if the contractual terms of the financial asset lead to cash flows that solely include the payments of principal and interest on certain dates.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. Interest income calculated with effective interest rate method arising from financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive profit or loss and dividend income from equity securities are recorded to profit or loss statement. "Unrealized gains and losses" arising from the difference between the amortized cost and the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reflected in the income statement of the period until the acquisition of the asset, sale of the asset, the disposal of the asset, and impairment of the asset and they are accounted under the "Accumulated other comprehensive income or expense to be reclassified through profit or loss" under shareholders' equity. When these securities are collected or disposed of, the accumulated fair value differences reflected in the equity are reflected to the profit or loss statement.

c. Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective interest rate method. Interest income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in profit or loss statement.

d. Loans

Loans are financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments and are not traded in an active market.

Cash loans provided by the Bank are extended primarily on an overnight basis, with a maximum one - month maturity, to brokerage firms within the limits set by the Board of Directors, aiming to enhance efficiency and convenience in capital market transactions. Additionally, brokerage firms can also obtain loans for investment funds, and the upper limit of the limit to be allocated for the investment fund is determined to be limited by the cash credit limit. Furthermore, in order to meet the short-term funding needs that may arise during the completion of collateral requested to cover the risks arising from the Borsa Istanbul Equity Market participants, a maximum overnight settlement loan may also be provided within the specified limit.

Loans recognized at cost and are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VII. Explanations and Disclosures on Financial Assets (Continued)

Explanations on the Impairment of Financial Assets Recognition of Financial Statements of Expected Credit Losses

In accordance with the “Regulation on Procedures and Principles for the Classification of Loans and Provisions to be Issued” published in the Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 and numbered 29750, the Bank calculates the expected credit loss provision in accordance with TFRS 9 and indicates in its financial statements. Expected credit losses related to cash and cash equivalents under financial assets, other receivables, loans and non-cash loans are calculated and accounted.

Provisions provided by the Bank under TFRS 9; the expected credit loss provision amounts for 12 months and the expected credit loss provision amounts due to a significant increase in the credit risk of the borrower and the expected lifetime credit loss provisions for the default of the debts are considered as special provisions.

For non-impaired financial assets, the expected credit loss provision for twelve months is calculated and set aside for the initial recognition stage. For these financial assets, effective interest rate is used over the gross book value.

Although not available for the reporting period, the expected lifetime credit loss is calculated and set aside for non-impaired financial assets that have significant increase in credit risk after initial recognition. For these financial assets, effective interest rate is used over the gross book value.

The expected lifetime credit loss provision is calculated and set aside for financial assets that are purchased or created with impaired loans. For these financial assets, effective interest rate is applied through net book value.

The definition of default is included in the Communiqué on the calculation of the credit risk amount based on the internal rating approach. It is assumed that the debtor defaults in the event that the debtor is unable to fully pay the debts to the Bank without applying for collateral or if the debtor has delayed more than 90 days to fulfil his significant liabilities to the Bank.

Expected credit losses for financial assets, other receivables and loans under the title Cash and cash equivalents are recognized under “Expected loss reserves (-)” on the asset side of the balance sheet.

The expected credit loss provisions calculated for the transactions classified as non-cash loans due to the market where the Bank is the Central Opposite Party and the guarantor are listed under the “Other Provisions” heading on the liabilities of the balance sheet.

The total provision for credit losses under TFRS 9 is classified under “12 Months Expected Loss Equivalent- (First Stage)”. There is no allowance for credit losses classified under “Significant Increase in Credit Risk (Second Stage)”.

The basic principles for calculating the Bank “Expected credit loss provisions” are as follows:

- Information considered in the expected credit loss accounting should be reasonable, reliable and supportable.
- Country risk is also taken into account when calculating provisions for expected credit losses.
- Provision for loans can be higher than their loan-based counterparts, taking into account the size, type, currency, currency, interest rate structure, borrowing sector, collaterals and similar concentrations over time, credit risk level and management.
- The approach used to assess expected credit losses is consistent with the bank's credit risk management.
- The information used should include the borrower-specific factors, the general economic conditions and the assessment of the effects of these factors and circumstances at the reporting date on the current and future periods. Potential sources of information include the Bank's credit disposal experience, internal or external credit ratings, reports and statistics.
- If the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, the Bank may assume that the credit risk in the financial instrument has not increased substantially since the first time it was recognized.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Impairment of Financial Assets

At each balance sheet date, the Bank assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets has suffered an impairment and whether it meets the classification requirements in accordance with TFRS 9. The Bank determines the amount of the impairment if such indicator exists as mentioned. Related accounting policy is explained in footnote VII.

IX. Explanations on Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset when the Bank has a legally enforceable right to set off, and when the Bank has the intention of collecting or paying the net amount of related assets and liabilities or when the Bank has the right to offset the assets and liabilities simultaneously. Otherwise, no offsetting is made with respect to financial assets and liabilities.

X. Explanations on Sales and Repurchase Agreements and Lending of Securities

Repurchase agreements are classified as their purposes on the securities portfolio and evaluated by the principals of the portfolio which they belong to. The Bank has no repurchase transaction as of the balance sheet date.

Receivables from reverse repurchase agreements are accounted for under "Receivables from Reverse Repurchase Agreements" account in the balance sheet. The difference between purchase and sale price determined by these agreements is accrued over the life of agreements according to effective interest rate method. Income accruals are recognized as a liability under other liabilities in liabilities when they belong to problematic members. As of 30 June 2026, the outstanding balance of reverse repurchase and collateralized security transactions amounts to TRY9,611.

XI. Explanations on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

According to "TFRS 5 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" which satisfy to be classified as held for sale are measured by the lower of carrying value and fair value less costs to sell and these assets are not amortized; and are separately presented in the financial statements. For an asset (or else the group of assets) to be classified as held for sale; the asset should be ready for immediate sale in frequently seen and accustomed terms and the probability of sale should be high. For the probability of sale to be high, appropriate level of management should have made a plan for the sale of the asset (or else the group of assets) and a program should have been initiated in order to determine buyers as well as complete the plan. Also the asset (or else the group of assets) shall be actively marketed in conformity with its fair value. On the other hand, the sale is expected to be journalized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date; and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that the possibility of making significant changes or cancelling the plan is low. Certain events and conditions may extend the duration of completion of sale to more than one year.

If such delay arises from any events and conditions beyond the control of the entity and if there is sufficient evidence that the entity has an ongoing disposal plan for these assets, such assets (or else group of assets) are continued to be classified as assets held for sale (or else group of assets). A discontinued operation is a division of a bank that is either disposed or held for sale. Results of discontinued operations are included in the income statement separately.

A discontinued operation is a part of a bank classified as held for sale or held for sale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately in statements of profit or loss.

The Bank has no assets held for sale as of the balance sheet date.

The Bank has no discontinued operations during the period.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XII. Explanations on Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

As of the balance sheet date, there is no goodwill in accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of the Bank.

The intangible assets which have been bought before 1 January 2005 are amortized based on historical cost which has been revised according to inflation effects dated 31 December 2004 and the items which have been bought in the following dates are amortized based on purchase cost with the allocation of accumulated depreciation and impairments. The intangible assets are amortized based on straight line amortization regarding useful life periods. The amortization method and period are revised periodically every year.

Intangible assets of the Bank are basically software license costs. Useful lives of other intangible assets are determined by the consideration of items such as; useful life of asset, maintenance costs incurred to obtain expected economic benefit from assets and technical, technological or any other type of obsolescence. Amortization method used in the current period is not subject to any change. Depreciation period is 5 years (20% annual depreciation rate) for establishment/formation expenses for other intangible assets with uncertain leasing period or leasing period over five years and depreciation rate is proportional with period for those with certain leasing period. Economic useful lives determined are in accordance with the criteria stated in the Turkish Accounting Standards-TAS 38-Intangible Assets. Computer programs widely used in the Bank are generated within the Bank by the personnel of the Bank and the expenses related to those assets are not capitalized. Computer software is only purchased in case of urgent need and special projects.

Within the scope of the agreement made between Borsa İstanbul and Nasdaq, new Bistech technology, which was developed under Borsa Istanbul's processing system; data distribution; index calculation; market surveillance; reporting systems; and also the Bank's swap and risk management systems, has a useful life of 20 years.

XIII. Explanations on Tangible Assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognized at acquisition cost and any other cost incurred so as to get the fixed asset ready for use.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated with straight-line method. Tangible fixed assets are depreciated with the rates determined by the Ministry of Finance based on useful lives. These useful lives are in line with the criteria stated in "TAS 16 - Tangible Assets" released by Turkish Accounting Standards Board. Depreciation Rates for Tangible Fixed Assets are as following:

	Estimated Useful Life (Year)
Buildings	36-50 Years
Plant machinery and equipment	4 Years
Vehicles	5 Years
Flooring and fixtures	5 Years
Special Costs	5 Years
Rights	3 Years
Development costs	5 Years

Tangible fixed assets are accounted for at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible fixed assets is reflected to the income statement as the difference between the net proceeds and net book value.

Maintenance costs of tangible fixed assets are capitalized if they extend the economic useful life of related assets. Other maintenance costs are expensed. There are no pledges, mortgages or other restrictions on the tangible fixed assets.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XIV. Explanations on Leasing Transactions

The “TFRS 16 Leases Standard,” which encompasses the operational lease transactions to which the Bank is a party, was adopted by the Bank in January 2019. For leases where the Bank acts as the lessee, the Bank has applied the model prescribed by the standard, excluding low-value assets and short-term leases (of one year or less).

The interest on the lease liability for each period of the lease term, is the amount calculated by charging a fixed periodic interest rate on remaining balance of lease liability.

In the event of a change in the initial lease term or the exercise of a purchase option, the Bank uses a revised discount rate that reflects changes in the interest rate.

The Bank remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate for a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification. The revised discount rate is determined as the alternative borrowing interest rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Bank decreases carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease. Any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease is recognized in profit or loss. A corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset is made for all other lease modifications.

XV. Explanations on Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities are accounted in accordance with “Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” (“TAS 37”).

Provisions on financial statements, if an existing obligation resulting from past events, it is probable that the obligation will be met and the obligation can be reliably measured. Provisions are calculated based on the Bank management’s best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date and are discounted to the fair value where the effect is material.

XVI. Explanations on Liabilities Regarding Employee Benefits

Obligations related to employment termination and vacation rights “Türkiye Accounting Standards Regarding Employee Benefits” (“TAS 19”) are accounted for in accordance with the provisions.

Defined Benefit Plans

In accordance with existing social legislation in Türkiye, the Bank is required to make lump-sum termination indemnities over a 30 day salary to each employee who has completed over one year of service, whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct, and due to marriage, female employees terminating their employments within a year as of the date of marriage, or male employees terminating their employments due to their military service. The Bank is also required to make a payment for the period of notice calculated over each service year of the employee whose employment is terminated for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. Total benefit is calculated in accordance with TAS No: 19 “Turkish Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits”.

Such benefit plans are unfunded since there is no funding requirement in Türkiye. The cost of providing benefits to the employees for the services rendered by them under the defined benefit plan is determined by independent actuaries annually using the projected unit credit method.

In calculating the related liability to be recorded in the financial statements for these defined benefit plans, the Bank uses independent actuaries and also makes assumptions and estimation relating to the discount rate to be used, turnover of employees, future change in salaries/limits, etc. These estimations are audited annually. The carrying value of provision for employee termination benefits as of 30 June 2026 is TRY73,729.87 (full TRY)(31 December 2025: TRY53,919.68) (full TRY).

Communiqué on “Turkish Accounting Standard (TAS 19) about Benefits for Employee (No: 9)” published in Official Gazette by Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) on 12 March 2013 numbered 28585, was entered into force for the account periods starting after 31 December 2013 on accounting treatment of actuarial profit and loss resulting from changes in actuarial assumptions or differences between actual and actuarial assumptions. For the period of 30 June 2026, actuarial gain before deferred tax effect amounting to None (31 December 2025: TRY2 actuarial loss) was classified as “Tax Related Other Comprehensive Income Items Not Reclassified Through Profit or Loss”.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current tax payable and deferred tax.

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Bank's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognized on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit at enacted tax rates, and it is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, whereas deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences are recognized as taxable profit. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset shall be reviewed at the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or all of that deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities shall be measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled is recognized in income statement as income or expense. Deferred tax that relates to items that are recognized directly in equity, in the same or a different period, is recognized directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are netted off.

The current taxes payable and advance taxes are offset since they relate to each other.

The Bank has adjusted its statutory financial statements with inflation accounting as of 1 January 2004 in accordance with Law No. 298.

Some modifications have been made in the tax legislation with Law 4842 published in the Official Gazette number 25088 on 24 April 2003. Under these modifications, investment and development banks, which are not allowed to accept deposit, are allowed to deduct loan loss provisions from the tax base in accordance with item 2 of the article 20 of Banking Law and the amendment introduced by the article 35 of the Law numbered 4842.

Current Tax

As of 30 June 2026, the corporate tax rate has been applied as 30% in the financial statements. With the publication of Law No. 7394 in the Official Gazette dated 15 April 2022, banks, consumer finance companies, factoring and financial leasing companies, electronic payment and money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies. The corporate tax rate has been increased to 25%. However, with the Law No. 7456 published on 15 July 2023, the said rate has been increased to 30% to be applied to the cumulative bases included in the declarations that must be submitted as of 1 October 2023; The corporate tax rate will be applied as 30% in the future periods, starting from the provisional corporate tax return to be submitted for the period 1 January 2026 – 30 June 2026.

The corporate tax rate is applied to the tax base to be found as a result of adding the expenses that are not accepted as deductions in accordance with the tax laws to the commercial profits of the institutions, and deducting the exemptions (such as the participation earnings exemption) and deductions in the tax laws. No further tax is paid if the profit is not distributed.

There is no withholding tax on dividends paid to non-limited taxpayer institutions that generate income through a workplace or permanent representative in Türkiye and to institutions resident in Türkiye. Dividend payments made to individuals and institutions other than these are subject to 15% withholding tax. Addition of profit to capital is not considered profit distribution and withholding tax is not applied.

Corporations calculate advance tax on their quarterly financial profits and declare it until the 14th day of the second month following that period and pay it until the evening of the 17th day. Advance tax paid during the year is deducted from the corporate tax to be calculated over the corporate tax return to be submitted in the following year. In the event that there is an amount of advance tax paid despite the offset, this amount can be refunded in cash or offset against other financial debts to the state.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

Provided that 50% of the profits arising from the sale of subsidiary shares and real estate held for at least two years are added to the capital for real estate and 75% for subsidiaries, as stipulated in the Corporate Tax Law, or are kept in a special fund account in liabilities for 5 years. is exempt from tax. However, with the Law No. 7456 published on 15 July 2023, this exception has been abolished for real estate to be acquired after the publication date of the decision; If real estate acquired before this date is sold after the effective date of the decision, 25% of the real estate sales gain will be exempt from corporate tax.

According to Turkish tax legislation, financial losses shown on the declaration can be deducted from the period corporate income for a period not exceeding 5 years. However financial losses cannot be offsetted from last year's profits.

In Türkiye, there is no practice of reaching an agreement with the tax authority regarding the taxes to be paid. Corporate tax returns are submitted to the relevant tax office by the evening of the last day of the fourth month following the month in which the accounting period closes. However, the authorities authorized for tax inspection may examine the accounting records within five years, and if incorrect transactions are detected, the tax amounts to be paid may change.

Current tax effects related to transactions directly recognized in equity are also shown in equity.

Law No. 7352 on the amendment of Tax Procedural Law and Corporate Tax Law was enacted on 20 January 2022 and it has been decided that the financial statements will not be subject to inflation adjustment in the 2021 and 2022 accounting periods, including the provisional accounting periods, and in the provisional tax periods of the 2023 accounting period, regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment within the scope of Repeated Article 298 are met. Article 17 of the law numbered 7491. With Article 17 of the Law No. 7491, the statement "Banks, companies within the scope of the Financial Leasing, Factoring, Financing and Savings Financing Companies Law dated 21 November 2012 and numbered 6361, payment and electronic money institutions, authorized foreign exchange institutions, asset management companies, capital market institutions, insurance and reinsurance companies and pension companies, including temporary tax periods, profit / loss difference arising from inflation adjustment made in the 2023 and 2024 accounting periods, including temporary tax periods, is not taken into account in the determination of earnings." to come after the third paragraph of the provisional Article 33 of the Law No. 213. is attached. However, pursuant to Article 34 of Law No. 7571, added to the Tax Procedure Law No. 213 by Temporary Article 37, published in the Official Gazette No. 3318 dated 25 December 2025, it is stipulated that financial statements will not be subject to inflation adjustment in the 2025 accounting period and provisional tax periods, as well as the 2026 and 2027 accounting periods (and for entities with a special accounting period, in the accounting periods ending in 2026, 2027, and 2028), regardless of whether the conditions for inflation adjustment under repeated Article 298 are met or not.

Pursuant to the amendments introduced in Articles 298 (Repeated)/Ç and Temporary Article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law, companies have been granted the opportunity to perform both permanent and temporary revaluations. Accordingly, as of the beginning of the 2022 fiscal period, the Bank initially revalued its fixed assets recorded on the balance sheet in line with Temporary Article 32, and subsequently carried out a revaluation in accordance with Article 298 (Repeated)/Ç. As a result of these transactions, the depreciation amounts subject to corporate tax will be calculated based on the revalued and updated amounts. In accordance with the relevant legislation, the revaluation surplus is presented under a special fund account within shareholders' equity. Due to the non-application of inflation adjustment for the year 2026, the revaluation option that has become available has been utilized in the current period.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XVII. Explanations on Taxation (Continued)

Deferred Tax

The Bank calculates and reflects deferred tax in its records in accordance with the provisions of the "Turkish Accounting Standard on Income Taxes" ("TAS 12") for taxable temporary differences that arise between the book value of an asset or liability and its tax base value determined in accordance with tax legislation. As of 30 June 2026, deferred tax is calculated at 30% and as of 31 December 2025, deferred tax is calculated at 30%.

Deferred tax liability or asset is determined by calculating the tax effects of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities shown in the financial statements and the amounts taken into account in the legal tax base calculation, according to the balance sheet method, taking into account the legal tax rates. The bank has calculated deferred tax based on 30% of its assets and liabilities as of 30 June 2026.

While deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all taxable temporary differences, deferred tax assets consisting of deductible temporary differences are calculated provided that it is highly probable to benefit from these differences by generating taxable profits in the future.

The calculated deferred tax asset and deferred tax liability are netted in the unconsolidated financial statements.

However, with the regulation made by the Law No. 7491 on the Amendment of Certain Laws and Decree Laws, it has been regulated that the profit / loss difference arising from the inflation adjustment to be made by the banks in the 2023 and 2024 accounting periods, including the provisional tax periods, will not be taken into account in the determination of earnings. Within the scope defined by the provisions of Article 298 (Repeated) (Ç) and Temporary Article 32 of the Tax Procedure Law (TPL), as well as Communiqué No. 537 of the TPL, taxpayers have been granted the option to perform revaluations on a voluntary basis. However, pursuant to Article 298 (Repeated) (A) and Temporary Article 33 of the TPL, revaluation cannot be performed under Article 298 (Repeated) (Ç) during periods when inflation adjustment is mandatory. Therefore, due to the non-application of inflation adjustment for the year 2026, the revaluation option that has become available has been utilized in the current period.

XVIII. Additional Explanations on Funds Borrowed

The Bank has not issued any convertible bonds. The Bank has also not issued any borrowing instruments.

Cash Warrants Received:

Guarantee Fund purchased within the scope of BİAŞ Markets, BİAŞ Debt and Equity Markets, Takasbank Money Market (TPP), Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Takasbank Equity Lending Market (ÖPP), Renewable Energy Resource Guarantee Market (YEK-G), Forward Natural Gas Market (VGP)), Natural Gas Market, BİAŞ Futures and Options Market (VIOP), Electricity Market, Electricity Futures Market, BİAŞ Money Market and BİAŞ Precious Metals Market, BİAŞ Swap Market, Investor Compensation Center membership and pledge guarantees, check clearing, vehicle swapping, Cash collateral amounts related to Türkiye Electronic Fund Trading Platform (TEFAS), Private Pension Fund Trading Platform (BEFAS), TÜRİB public guarantee management service and other services are monitored in Banks in assets and in Funds in liabilities. The funds in question ensure that in case of cash default of the debtor members, the creditor members are not affected by the delay. Cash guarantee mechanisms have been established to serve the purpose of ensuring continuous cash flow in the market by making the payments on time and accurately.

XIX. Explanations on Issuance of Equity Securities

The Bank does not have any shares issued in the current period.

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EXPLANATIONS ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

XX. Explanations on Acceptances

The Bank performs acceptances with its customers simultaneously and follows them in off balance sheet liabilities. The Bank has no acceptances that have been included as a liability against an asset.

XXI. Explanations on Government Incentives

There are no government incentives utilized by the Bank as of the balance sheet date.

XXII. Explanations on Segment Reporting

Operational segment is distinguishable section of the Bank that has different characteristics from other operational segments per earning and conducts the presentation of service group, associated bank products or a unique product. Reporting on operating segments is disclosed in Note VIII in Section Four.

XXIII. Related Parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, shareholders, key management personnel and board members associated with companies controlled by their families and themselves or affiliated companies, associates and joint ventures are referred to as related parties in accordance with TAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures.

XXIV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the preparation of statement of cash flows, “Cash” includes cash, effectives, and cash in transit, purchased cheques and demand deposits including balances with the Central Bank; and “Cash equivalents” include interbank money market placements and time deposits at banks with original maturity periods of less than three months.

XXV. Investment Property

Property, and land and buildings held for the purpose of earning rent or appreciation or for both, rather than being used in the production of goods and services or sold for administrative purposes or during the normal course of business are classified as “investment property”. Bank is valued Investment Properties with fair value method in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standard 40 (TAS 40) “Investment Property”. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

XXVI. Reclassifications

None.

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SECTION FOUR

INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity

The amount of equity and the capital adequacy standard ratio have been calculated in accordance with the 'Regulation on Banks' Equity' and the 'Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy'.

The Bank's shareholders' equity for the current period calculated as of 30 June 2026 is TRY23,253. (31 December 2025: TRY21,036), capital adequacy standard ratio is 21.74% (December 31, 2025: 28.59%). The Bank's capital adequacy standard ratio is above the minimum ratio determined by the relevant legislation.

Summary information related to the capital shareholders' equity:

	Current Period	Prior Period
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	600	600
Share issue premiums	33	33
Reserves	14,803	8,959
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	-	-
Profit	8,323	11,712
Current Period Profit	8,300	11,689
Prior Period Profit	23	23
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and cannot be recognized within profit for the period	-	-
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	23,759	21,304
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses reflected in equity in accordance with TAS	23	23
Improvement costs for operating leasing	-	-
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Other intangible assets remaining after offsetting the related deferred tax liability, excluding mortgage servicing rights.	737	478
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow risk	-	-
Communiqué Related to Principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	-	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	5	5
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	765	506
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	22,994	20,798

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (Continued)

	Current Period	Prior Period
ADDITIONAL TIER I CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	-	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold of above Tier I Capital	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II Capital is not available (-)	-	-
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity Tier 1 Capital+Additional Tier I Capital)	22,994	20,798
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	-	-
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (the amounts specified in the first paragraph of Article 8 of the Regulation on the Own Funds of Banks)	259	238
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	259	238
Deductions From Tier II Capital	-	-
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial institutions with the conditions	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank (-)	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	259	238

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (Continued)**

	Current Period	Prior Period
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	23,253	21,036
Deductions from Total Capital	23,253	21,036
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause 1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but Retained more than Three Years	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
In transition from Total Core Capital and Supplementary Capital (the capital) to Continue to Download Components	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing rights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds	-	-
TOTAL CAPITAL	23,253	21,036
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	23,253	21,036
Total risk weighted amounts	106,943	73,586
CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIOS		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.50	28.26
Tier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.50	28.26
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	21.74	28.59
BUFFERS		
Bank specific total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital requirement (%)	2,5	2,5
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,5	2,5
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	-	-
c) Systemic significant bank buffer ratio	-	-
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital buffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	-	-
Amounts below the Excess Limits as per the Deduction Principles		
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital	-	-
Remaining Mortgage Servicing Rights	-	-
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation		
General provisions for standard based receivables (before ten thousand twenty-five limitation)	259	238
Up to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the standard approach used	259	238
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0.6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	-
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between 1 January 2018 and 1 January 2022)		
Upper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	-

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

I. Explanations Related to Components of Shareholders' Equity (Continued)

Information on addition debt instruments to shareholders' equity calculating:

None.

Information on applied approaches in order to evaluate internal capital adequacy within the scope of internal capital adequacy evaluation of internal capital requirement in terms of future and current activities:

The evaluation period for internal capital adequacy in the Bank has been designed within accordance with the principle of proportionality and is consistent with the Guidelines on ICAAP Report and Guidelines on Stress Tests To Be Used By Banks For Capital and Liquidity Planning which is published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, and with the Regulation on Internal Systems of Banks and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) which entered into effect upon being published in Official Gazette No. 29057 dated 11 July 2014.

The Bank is in compliance with the said regulation and good practice guidelines in line with its small-scale structure, task environment, and requirements. In accordance with ICAAP, it is aimed for the Bank to internally determine a level of capital which covers the risks it has faced or is likely to face and to continue its operations with capital above that level. Maximum attention is paid to the ICAAP processes so that they are implemented with a long-term view and are risk focused, internalized within the Bank and that its consequences are used in the decision-making process.

Evaluations of the Bank's capital and liquidity adequacy are done from a risk-based perspective, considering the strategic plan, three-year budget projections, bank policies on capital adequacy, liquidity and funding, risk measurement outcomes for risks that the company is exposed to ICAAP and stress test reports. Within this scope, activities performed and services provided by the Bank are considered.

The Bank determines its capital level in such a way that it is above the minimum level and legal ratios required by the legal regulations of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, and so that it is able to continue all its operations. Also, scenario analyses, and particular, plenary, and reverse-stress tests are done in order to measure the effects of parameters that affect the financial power of the Bank at the capital level. In addition, via sensitivity analyses, first and secondary structural block risks that the Bank is exposed to are determined within the scope of the proportionality principle.

The Bank takes stress tests, scenario analyses, risk appetites, the capital plan, the strategic plan and budget, the emergency and unexpected situation action plan for various risks, and other issues deemed necessary into consideration, and calculates and establishes a capital planning buffer, which is designed to prevent the capital adequacy level from becoming lower than the internal and legal minimum capital adequacy over the next three years as a result of possible negative situations and losses. The capital planning buffer is determined by considering worst case scenarios. However, the legal capital adequacy ratio determined by the BRSA as at least 12% and the ratio of the internal capital requirement calculated under the stress test are compared. The larger of these ratios is considered as the target ratio and it is evaluated whether the current capital adequacy ratio of the Bank is above the target rate.

According to the "Regulation on Internal Systems and the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process of Banks", the ICAAP report and the Stress Test report are prepared annually with the participation of all relevant units of the Bank and the coordination of the Risk Management Unit. These reports are approved by the Board of Management or the Bank after being examined.

The senior management of the Bank and members of the Board of Management are jointly responsible for designing ICAAP and its implementation within the Bank. All units of the Bank execute their duties, authorities, and responsibilities which are within the scope of ICAAP in accordance with their own regulations. The inspection report regarding the data, systems, and processes is prepared by the Internal Audit Unit, and the validation report regarding the models and/or methods that are used for risk measurement within the scope of the internal capital adequacy calculation is prepared by the Internal Control Unit.

The Bank's activities in the field of credit risk management are carried out under the responsibility of the Board of Directors in compliance with the 'Regulation on Banks' Internal Systems and Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process' and the 'Regulation on the Measurement and Evaluation of Banks' Capital Adequacy.' In the calculation of capital adequacy ratios, the credit risk exposure amount calculated using the standard approach is taken into consideration.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations related to currency risk

In addition to foreign clearing, settlement, and custody transaction commissions and the foreign currencies held for its own transactions in accordance with foreign currency-denominated contracts, the Bank is exposed to foreign exchange risk due to the foreign currencies deposited as collateral in its accounts and the foreign currencies remaining in the free accounts of its clients, which include brokerage houses, banks, and other financial institutions. Accordingly, market risk is calculated. The Bank is also exposed to market risk through collaterals received within the scope of the BIAS Markets, BIAS Debt and Equity Markets, Takasbank Money Market (TPP), Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Takasbank Securities Lending Market (ÖPP), Renewable Energy Resource Guarantee Market (YEK-G), Natural Gas Futures Market (VGP), Natural Gas Market, BIAS Futures and Options Market (VIOP), Electricity Market, Electricity Futures Market, BIAS Precious Metals Market, BIAS Swap Market, and public collateral management services. Additionally, collaterals held for Investor Compensation Center membership and pledge guarantees, check clearing, Turkish Electronic Fund Trading Platform (TEFAS), Private Pension Fund Trading Platform (BEFAS), and other services contribute to the Bank's market risk exposure. However, with the Communiqué on Required Reserves numbered 2013/15, the liabilities subject to required reserves have been amended, and since the obligations specified in the new communiqué are not in the Bank, required reserves are not established at CBRT.

The Bank calculated a net long foreign exchange of TRY388 (31 December 2025: TRY434) for the net position between assets and liabilities in foreign currency and recognized it in the amount basis to market risk.

Recognizing FX transactions of the Bank, the risk management policy that is also regarded in TRY transactions is used and asset liability is managed so as not to be exposed to foreign exchange risk in transactions that affect FX assets and liabilities.

The Bank's foreign CBRT exchange bid rates as of the date of the financial statements and five working days prior to that date:

Current Period	1 USD	1 EUR	1 GBP	100 JPY
Current Exchange Rate on Balance Sheet Date	46.5551	53.0950	61.4404	28.6968
1st Business Day's Current Exchange Rate	46.4482	52.9289	61.2684	28.6666
2nd Business Day's Current Exchange Rate	46.4302	52.7177	61.0739	28.6193
3rd Business Day's Current Exchange Rate	46.4099	52.6683	61.0484	28.6301
4th Business Day's Current Exchange Rate	46.3925	52.9191	61.2416	28.6577
5th Business Day's Current Exchange Rate	46.3758	53.1153	61.1987	28.6039
Simple arithmetic averages for last 31 days	46.1353	53.1927	61.4669	28.6667

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

II. Explanations related to currency risk (Continued)

Information on the foreign currency risk of the Bank:

Current Period	EURO	USD	Other	Total
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Banks	16,703	36,640	117	53,460
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	1,089	-	-	1,089
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	5	-	-	5
Loans	-	-	-	-
Investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	2,145	6,069	-	8,214
Hedging derivative financial assets	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-
Other assets	12	13	-	25
Total assets	19,954	42,722	117	62,793
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency deposits	-	-	-	-
Money market funds	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions	611	3,329	-	3,940
Securities issued	-	-	-	-
Funds	19,237	39,112	116	58,465
Hedging derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	19,848	42,441	116	62,405
Net Balance Sheet Position Assets	106	281	1	388
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	-	-	-
Financial derivative assets	-	-	-	-
Financial derivative liabilities	-	-	-	-
Non-cash loans	-	-	-	-
Prior Period				
Total assets	18,676	34,725	211	53,612
Total liabilities	18,530	34,440	209	53,179
Net Balance Sheet Position	146	285	2	433
Net Off-Balance Sheet Position	-	-	-	-
Financial derivative assets	-	-	-	-
Financial derivative liabilities	-	-	-	-
Non-cash loans	-	-	-	-

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity of the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items are measured by the Bank. Cash requirement for every maturity period are determined based on maturity distribution analysis (Gap). In addition, a positive spread between the yield on assets and the cost of liabilities is kept while determining interest rates.

The Bank's fund utilization transactions, including TRY and foreign currency deposit transactions, repo and reverse repo transactions, securities transactions, term and demand placements, foreign exchange buy-sell transactions, and swap transactions, can be conducted with the Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) or other banks. These transactions, carried out by the Treasury Team, are monitored, and the Bank measures the interest rate sensitivity of its assets, liabilities, and off-balance sheet items.

Government Domestic Debt Securities issued by the Republic of Türkiye Ministry of Treasury and Finance, Eurobonds, Lease Certificates, Venture Capital and Investment Funds, and debt securities issued by banks established in Türkiye were acquired within the Bank's portfolio during the years 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025 and 2026. The Bank does not undertake any liability due to using derivative financial instruments attributable to its transactions in evaluating its funding resources.

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on reprising dates):

End of Current Period	Up to 1 Month	1- 3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	Year and Over	Non-Interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic Türkiye	230,968	-	-	-	-	346	231,314
Banks ⁽²⁾	153,838	18,346	3,521	-	-	10,541	186,246
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	1,133	-	-	66	14	1,213
Money market placements	9,611	-	-	-	-	-	9,611
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	9	9
Loans ⁽³⁾	11,782	-	-	-	-	-	11,782
Financial assets measured at amortized cost ⁽⁴⁾	-	1,457	10,098	1,894	-	-	13,449
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	3,288	3,288
Total Assets	406,199	20,936	13,619	1,894	66	14,198	456,912
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money market funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	63,477	-	-	-	-	344,379	407,856
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	21,429	-	-	-	-	-	21,429
Other liabilities ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	27,627	27,627
Total Liabilities	84,906	-	-	-	-	372,006	456,912
Balance sheet long position	321,293	20,936	13,619	1,894	66	-	357,808
Balance sheet short position	-	-	-	-	-	(357,808)	(357,808)
Off-balance sheet long position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet short position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Position	321,293	20,936	13,619	1,894	66	(357,808)	-

(1) Explanations of other assets and other liabilities are provided below.

(2) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "Up to 1 Month" column.

(3) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "Up to 1 Month" column.

(4) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "3-12 Month" column.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information related to the interest rate sensitivity of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (based on reprising dates):

End of Previous Period	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Non- Interest Bearing	Total
Assets							
Cash (cash in vault, effectives, cash in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of the Republic							
Türkiye	120,110	-	-	-	-	-	120,110
Banks ⁽²⁾	156,584	8,035	9,152	-	-	3,340	177,111
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	1,097	-	56	14	1,167
Money market placements	4,405	-	-	-	-	-	4,405
Financial assets available-for-sale	-	-	-	-	-	9	9
Loans ⁽³⁾	3,143	-	-	-	-	-	3,143
Held-to-maturity investments ⁽⁴⁾	1,647	4,337	5,108	2,603	-	-	13,695
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	2,588	2,588
Total Assets	285,889	12,372	15,357	2,603	56	5,951	322,228
Liabilities							
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Money market funds	2,873	-	-	-	-	-	2,873
Funds	44,816	-	-	-	-	226,068	270,884
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed from other financial institutions	23,934	-	-	-	-	-	23,934
Other liabilities ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	24,537	24,537
Total Liabilities	71,623	-	-	-	-	250,605	322,228
Balance sheet long position	214,266	12,372	15,357	2,603	56	-	244,654
Balance sheet short position	-	-	-	-	-	(244,654)	(244,654)
Off-balance sheet long position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-balance sheet short position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net Position	214,266	12,372	15,357	2,603	56	(244,654)	-

(1) Explanations of other assets and other liabilities are provided below.

(2) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "Up to 1 Month" column.

(3) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "Up to 1 Month" column.

(4) The expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the "3-12 months" column.

Other Assets	Current Period	Prior Period
Investment properties	402	402
Intangible assets	737	478
Custody services commission rediscount	841	559
Miscellaneous receivables	544	368
Deferred tax asset	399	520
Tangible assets	185	139
Temporary accounts	175	116
Subsidiaries	5	5
Stationary supplies	-	1
Total	3,288	2,588
Other Liabilities	Current Period	Prior Period
Shareholder's equity	23,736	21,281
Current tax liability	2,837	1,844
Provisions	1,025	1,411
Lease liabilities	29	1
Total	27,627	24,537

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

III. Explanations Related to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Measurement of Interest Rate Risk Arising from Banking Book Using the Standard Shock Method:

Current Period	EDD		NFGD	
	T	T-1	T	T-1
Parallel Upward	959	770	-	-
Parallel Downward	(964)	(774)	-	-
Increasing Slope	(733)	(565)		
Decreasing Slope	920	717		
Short-term Upward	1,179	928		
Short-term Downward	(1,171)	(925)		
Maximum	1,179	150	-	-
Period	T		T-1	
Tier 1 Capital	22,994		20,798	

Average interest rates applied to monetary financial instruments (%):

Current Period End Balance	EUR	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	40.00
Due from other banks	3.75	5.68	-	41.99
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-
Money market placements	-	-	-	39.99
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	43.03
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	5.02	6.62	--	26.96
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds	-	-	-	39.02
Securities issued	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed	2.14	3.94	-	39.78
Prior Period End Balance	EUR	USD	JPY	TRY
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Due from other banks	3.70	5.31	-	39.97
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	-	-	-	-
Money market placements	-	-	-	38.00
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	41.15
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	4.71	6.55	-	26.31
Liabilities				
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	38.00
Funds	-	-	-	42.98
Securities issued	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed	3.70	4.05	-	36.76

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

IV. Equity Share Position Risk in Banking Accounts

As of 30 June 2026, the Bank has no equity share position risk arising from the equity share and banking accounts (31 December 2025: None).

V. Explanations On Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio

The Bank's main liquidity management strategy is effectively handling of all money market instruments and this instruments' potential risks have influence upon the Bank's balance sheet. Even in the most uncertain market conditions, the Bank maintains risk minimization through reducing risks of market instruments, diversifying instruments, matching of maturities, and obtaining optimum liquidity level. For this reason, the Bank is significantly liquid and is a fund provider in the Over-the-Counter Money Market and CB Interbank markets. Turkish Lira and foreign currency sales transactions with banks are done within the limits determined by the Board of Directors and the compliance of these transactions with limit conditions are controlled by the Internal Control Unit periodically.

The interest rates of payments, assets and liabilities are matched. Since there is no mismatch, there is no need for the measurement of the effect on profitability.

The Bank's short and long-term liquidity needs are met by internal and external resources.

The Bank's cash flows are generated from its own equity and the amounts remaining in members free accounts, Takasbank Money Market (TPP), Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Securities Lending Market (ÖPP), Renewable Energy Resource Guarantee Market (YEK-G), Natural Gas Futures Market (VGP), Natural Gas Market, BIAS Futures and Options Market (VIOP), Electricity Market, Electricity Futures Market, Cash collaterals received for reasons such as membership and pledge collaterals for BIAS Money Market and Precious Metals Market, BIAS Swap Market, Investor Compensation Center, check clearing, TEFAS, cash collaterals for other services related to public collateral management service are invested in other banks in the over-the-counter market at overnight, up to a week or three months maturity to manage liquidity risk.

The Bank manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet current and prospective debt obligations, to close open market positions and to provide funding for loan obligations.

The liquidity position is assessed and managed by taking into account general market and specific factors related to the Bank. The most important of these scenarios is to maintain the net liquid assets/payables to customers ratio within the limits according to market conditions.

According to the Decree of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board dated 24 December 2015 and numbered 6613, for development and investment banks, it has been decided to apply the total and foreign currency liquidity adequacy ratios related to the first and second maturity brackets according to the first paragraph of Article 13 of the Regulation Regarding the Measurement and Evaluation of Banking Liquidity Adequacy and to continue to report to the Authority.

In accordance with the fifth paragraph of Article 4 of the Regulation on the Calculation of Liquidity Coverage Ratios of Banks, it has been decided that the consolidated and unconsolidated total and foreign currency liquidity coverage ratios for development and investment banks shall be applied as zero percent until otherwise determined by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency (BRSA). Within this scope, the Bank reports to the BRSA, but compliance with the legal ratio is not required.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Explanations On Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities:

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	1-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 Years	5 Years and Over	Unallocated ⁽¹⁾	Total
Assets								
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye	346	230,968	-	-	-	-	-	231,314
Banks	10,541	153,838	18,346	3,521	-	-	-	186,246
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	14	-	1,133	-	-	66	-	1,213
Money market placements	-	9,611	-	-	-	-	-	9,611
Fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Loans ⁽²⁾	-	11,782	-	-	-	-	-	11,782
Financial assets measured at amortized cost ⁽³⁾	-	-	1,457	10,098	1,894	-	-	13,449
Other assets ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,288	3,288
Total Assets	10,910	406,199	20,936	13,619	1,894	66	3,288	456,912
Liabilities								
Bank deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed	-	21,429	-	-	-	-	-	21,429
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds	344,379	63,477	-	-	-	-	-	407,856
Other liabilities	-	996	1,890	297	29	-	24,415	27,627
Total Liabilities	344,379	85,902	1,890	297	29	-	24,415	456,912
Current Period Liquidity (Gap)/surplus	(333,469)	320,297	19,046	13,322	1,865	66	(21,127)	-
Net off-Balance sheet position								
Receivables from derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities from derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Cash Loans	-	201,310	1,817	1,173	-	-	-	204,300
Prior Period								
Total assets	3,364	285,889	12,371	15,358	2,603	56	2,587	322,228
Total liabilities	226,068	72,199	-	1,526	1	-	22,434	322,228
Liquidity (Gap)/surplus	(222,704)	213,690	12,371	13,832	2,602	56	(19,847)	-
Net off-Balance sheet position								
Receivables from derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities from derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-Cash Loans	-	130,880	8,442	2,946	-	-	-	142,268

(1) Accounts that constitute balance sheet assets such as fixed assets, participation and subsidiaries, prepaid expenses, receivables for follow up those are required to maintain banking operations and are not convertible to cash in short term period are recorded into this account.

(2) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the 'up to 1 month' column.

(3) Expected credit loss provisions recognized under TFRS 9 are presented in the '3-12 months' column..

Securitization positions:

The Bank does not apply securitization as of 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: None).

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Explanations On Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Net Stable Funding Ratio:

The net stable funding ratio (NSFR), which is a complementary liquidity measurement method to the LCR that measures banks' resilience to short-term liquidity shocks and is calculated by taking maturity matching into account, was legally shared as of 1 January 2024. The BRSA has set out the principles and procedures for banks to ensure stable funding in order to prevent the deterioration of their liquidity levels due to the funding risk that they may be exposed to on a consolidated and unconsolidated basis in the long term. Pursuant to the "Regulation on Banks' Calculation of Net Stable Funding Ratio" published in the Official Gazette dated 26 May 2023 and numbered 32202, the three-month simple arithmetic average of the consolidated and unconsolidated net stable funding ratio calculated monthly as of the equity calculation periods as of March, June, September and December cannot be less than 100%.

NSFR is defined as the ratio of available stable funding (STF) to required stable funding (NSF). The book values of assets and liabilities in accordance with IFRS are considered and weighted by multiplying the reporting schedules published by the BRSA by the NSFR and GRF factors. Available stable funding is capital and liabilities that provide resources to the bank for more than 1 year. Required stable funding is a function of the maturity and liquidity capacity of the bank's assets and the liquidity risk arising from off-balance sheet transactions.

Current Period		Unadjusted Amount According to Remaining Maturity				Total Amount with Consideration Rate Applied
		Demand Deposit	Less than 6 Months	Between 6 Months and 1 Year	1 Year and Over 1 Year	
1	Current Stable Funding					
	Equity Components	24,018	-	-	-	24,018
2	Paid-in Capital and Contributed Capital	24,018	-	-	-	24,018
3	Other Equity Components	-	-	-	-	-
4	Deposits from Individuals and Retail Customers/Participation funds	-	-	-	-	-
5	Stable Deposits/Participation Funds	-	-	-	-	-
6	Low Stable Deposits/Participation Funds	-	-	-	-	-
7	Debts to Other Parties	-	365,524	68,828	-	34,414
8	Operational deposits/participation funds	-	-	-	-	-
9	Other Liabilities	-	365,524	68,828	-	34,414
10	Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	-	-	-	-	-
11	Other Liabilities	49	-	-	-	-
12	Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
13	Other equity components and liabilities not mentioned above	49	-	-	-	-
14	Current Stable Funding					58,432
15	Required Stable Funding					
	High-Quality Liquid Assets	346	231,000	-	-	-
16	Operational Deposits/Participation Funds Deposited with Credit or Financial Institutions	-	187,249	-	-	28,088
17	Current Receivables	15	26,955	7,146	1,961	7,526
18	Receivables from Credit or Financial Institutions Secured by High-Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-	-
	Unsecured or Secured Receivables from Credit or Financial Institutions Without High-Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-	-
19	Receivables from Corporate Customers, Institutions, Individuals, Retail Customers, Central Governments, Central Banks, and Public Institutions Outside Credit or Financial Institutions	15	15,750	6,596	-	6,840
20	Receivables with 35% or Lower Risk Weight	-	-	-	-	-
21	Receivables Secured by Residential Property Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
22	Receivables with 35% or Lower Risk Weight	-	-	-	-	-
23	Equity securities and debt instruments traded on the stock exchange that do not qualify as high-quality liquid assets	-	-	-	-	-
24	Assets equivalent to interrelated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
25	Other Assets	3,319	-	-	-	3,319
26	Physical Commodities Including Gold	-	-	-	-	-
27	Initial margin or collateral posted to the central counterparty	-	-	-	-	-
28	Derivative Asset	-	-	-	-	-
29	Amount of Derivative Liabilities Before Deducting Collateral Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-
30	Not Listed Above	3,319	-	-	-	3,319
31	Off-Balance-Sheet Liabilities	-	212,167	-	-	10,608
32	Required Stable Fund					49,541
33	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%) (*)					117.95%

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

V. Explanations On Liquidity Risk Management and Liquidity Coverage Ratio (Continued)

Net Stable Funding Ratio (Continued):

Prior Period	Unadjusted Amount According to Remaining Maturity				Total Amount with Consideration Rate Applied
	Demand Deposit	Less than 6 Months	Between 6 Months and 1 Year	1 Year and Over 1 Year	
Current Stable Fund					
1 Equity Components	21,542	-	-	-	21,542
2 Paid-in Capital and Contributed Capital	21,542	-	-	-	21,542
3 Other Equity Components	-	-	-	-	-
4 Deposits from Individuals and Retail Customers/Participation Funds	-	-	-	-	-
5 Stable Deposits/Participation Funds	-	-	-	-	-
6 Low Stable Deposits/Participation Funds	-	-	-	-	-
7 Debts to Other Parties	-	283,998	20,532	-	10,266
8 Operational deposits/participation funds	-	-	-	-	-
9 Other Liabilities	-	283,998	20,532	-	10,266
10 Liabilities equivalent to interconnected assets	-	-	-	-	-
11 Other Liabilities	61	-	-	-	-
12 Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
13 Other equity components and liabilities not mentioned above	61	-	-	-	-
14 Current Stable Fund	-	-	-	-	31,808
Required Stable Funding					
15 High-Quality Liquid Assets	-	120,000	-	-	-
16 Operational Deposits/Participation Funds Deposited with Credit or Financial Institutions	-	177,417	-	-	26,613
17 Current Receivables	14	14,557	5,195	2,658	6,546
18 Receivables from Credit or Financial Institutions Secured by High-Quality Liquid Assets	-	-	-	-	-
19 Unsecured or Secured Receivables from Credit or Financial Institutions Without High-Quality Liquid Assets Receivables from Corporate Customers, Institutions, Individuals, Retail Customers, Central Governments, Central Banks, and Public Institutions Outside Credit or Financial Institutions	14	9,752	3,634	1,145	6,152
20 Receivables with 35% or Lower Risk Weight	-	4,805	1,561	1,513	394
21 Receivables Secured by Residential Property Mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
22 Receivables with 35% or Lower Risk Weight	-	-	-	-	-
23 Equity securities and debt instruments traded on the stock exchange that do not qualify as high-quality liquid assets	-	-	-	-	-
24 Assets equivalent to interrelated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
25 Other Assets	2,620	-	-	-	2,620
26 Physical Commodities Including Gold	-	-	-	-	-
27 Initial margin or collateral posted to the central counterparty	-	-	-	-	-
28 Derivative Asset	-	-	-	-	-
29 Amount of Derivative Liabilities Before Deducting Collateral Other Assets	-	-	-	-	-
30 Not Listed Above	2,620	-	-	-	2,620
31 Off-Balance-Sheet Liabilities	-	145,834	-	-	7,291
32 Required Stable Fund	-	-	-	-	43,070
34 Net Stable Funding Ratio (%) (*)T	-	-	-	-	%73.85

(*) The Bank's Net Stable Funding Ratio was realized as 117.95% as of 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: 73.85%). Development and investment banks, including the Bank, are exempt from the obligation to comply with the statutory minimum NİFO ratio of 100%.

The average net stable funding ratio for the last 3 months including the reporting period is 107.02% (31 December 2025: 83.62%).

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VI. Explanations Related to Leverage Ratio:

a) Information on issues that cause differences between current period and previous period leverage ratios:

The leverage ratio calculated by the Bank in accordance with the “Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Leverage of Banks” is 4.85% (31 December 2025: 6.45%).

This ratio is above the minimum required level, and the regulation has set the minimum leverage ratio at 3%.

Leverage ratio:

	Current Period ⁽¹⁾	Prior Period ⁽¹⁾
Assets on the balance sheet		
Assets on the balance sheet (excluding derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives, including collaterals)	429,205	303,304
(Assets deducted from core capital)	(743)	(497)
Total	428,462	302,807
Derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives		
Renewal cost of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	-	-
Potential credit risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	-	-
Total risk amount of derivative financial instruments and loan derivatives	-	-
Financing transactions with securities or goods warranties		
Risk amount of financial transactions with securities or goods warranties (excluding those in the balance sheet)	-	-
Risk amount arising from intermediated transactions	-	-
Total risk amount of financing transactions with securities or goods warranties	-	-
Off-the-balance sheet transactions		
Gross nominal amount of the off-balance sheet transactions	12,211	6,787
Adjustment amount arising from multiplying by the credit conversion rate	-	-
Total risk amount for off-balance sheet transactions	12,211	6,787
Capital and total risk		
Tier 1 capital	21,351	19,982
Total risk amount	440,673	309,594
Leverage ratio		
Leverage ratio (%)	4.85	6.45

⁽¹⁾ The amounts in the table are calculated by using the quarterly average amounts.

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The purpose of the risk management system is to define, measure, track, and report the risks, through policies, implementing procedures, and limitations identified to track, control, and, when necessary, change the risk-gain structure of future cash flows of the Bank and therefore the nature and level of its activities.

The purpose of the internal capital adequacy assessment process (ICAAP) is to internally determine the capital level which is adequate to compensate for the risks that the Bank is or is likely to be exposed to and to enable the Bank to continue its operations with capital above this level.

When establishing and implementing the Risk Management System and ICAAP, the proportionality principle is considered, in accordance with BRSA legislation and good practice guidelines.

The general risk policy of the Bank is to perform its activities taking manageable, controllable, and reasonable risks, which maintain the balance between income and expenses. The Bank manages its risks in such a way that they stay above and below the minimum and the maximum levels stated in the regulations published by the BRSA and below the risk appetite confirmed by the Board of Directors.

The risk capacity of the Bank is decided in accordance with its capital adequacy policy. When doing capital and liquidity planning, the current and under-stress liquidity requirements of the Bank as well as its risk appetite and capacity, are considered together.

The fund management strategy of the Bank is designed to avoid any liquidity problems, to sustain optimization of the risk-income balance, and to obtain maximum benefits from resources while taking a reasonable level of risk.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

The footnotes and related explanations prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on “Public Disclosures related with Banks’ Risk Management Regulations” published in Official Gazette No. 29511 on 23 October 2015 and entered into force as of 31 March 2016 are given in this section. The following tables, which should be given in semi-annually periods in accordance with the related communiqué, have not been presented as of 30 June 2026 as the standard approach is used in the calculation of Bank’s capital adequacy.

- Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) flow statements of credit risk under internal rating-based (IRB) approach
- RWA flow statements of Counterparty Credit Risk (CCR) exposures under the Internal Model Method (IMM)
- RWA flow statements of market risk exposures under an internal model approach (IMA)
- IRB - Credit risk exposures by portfolio and PD range
- Effect of credit derivatives used as CRM techniques on RWA
- IRB (specialized lending and equities under the simple risk weight method)
- CVA capital charge
- IRB – CCR exposures by portfolio and PD scale
- Credit Derivative Exposures
- Exposures to central counterparties (CCPs)
- Securitization exposures in the banking book
- Securitization exposures in the trading book
- Securitization exposures in the banking book and associated regulatory capital requirements – bank acting as originator or as sponsor
- Securitization exposures in the banking book and associated capital requirements – bank acting as investor
- Internal model approach values for trading portfolios
- Comparison of VaR estimates with gains / losses

a) Overview of risk management and RWA

Overview of RWA

	Risk Weighted Amounts		Minimum Capital
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	78,567	56,538	6,285
Standardised approach	78,567	56,538	6,285
Internal rating-based approach	-	-	-
Counterparty credit risk	-	-	-
Standardised approach for counterparty credit risk	-	-	-
Internal model method	-	-	-
Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity position in the banking account	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment companies-look through approach	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment companies-mandate based approach	-	-	-
Investments made in collective investment companies-1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
Settlement risk	-	-	-
Securitization exposures in banking book	-	-	-
IRB ratings-based approach	-	-	-
IRB supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
SA/simplified supervisory formula approach	-	-	-
Market risk	1,523	1,598	122
Standardised approach	1,523	1,598	122
Internal model approaches	-	-	-
Operational risk	26,853	15,451	2,148
Basic Indicator approach	26,853	15,451	2,148
Standard approach	-	-	-
Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
The amount of the discount threshold under the equity (subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
Floor adjustments	-	-	-
Total	106,943	73,587	8,552

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)
VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)
b) Credit Risk Disclosure:

Default represents the non-performing loans that recognized first paragraph of fifth article of Regulation on Identification and Provision against Non-Performing Loans and Other Receivables.

Credit quality of assets:

	a	b	c	d
	Gross amount valued in accordance with TMS		Provisions	Net values (a+b-c)
Current Period	Defaulted	Non-defaulted exposures		
Loans	-	11,794	12	11,782
Debt securities	-	13,458	9	13,449
Off-balance sheet exposures	-	204,300	22	204,278
Total	-	229,552	43	229,509
Prior Period	Defaulted	Non-defaulted exposures	Provisions	Net values
Loans	-	3,146	3	3,143
Debt securities	-	13,706	11	13,695
Off-balance sheet exposures	-	145,834	14	145,820
Total	-	162,686	28	162,658

Changes in stock of default loans and debt securities

	Current Period	Prior Period
Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	-	-
Loans and debt securities defaulted since the last reporting period	-	-
Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-	-
Amounts written off	-	-
Other changes	-	-
Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period	-	-

Credit risk mitigation techniques - Overview

Current Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans	11,782	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	13,449	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	25,231	-	-	-	-	-	-
Of which defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Prior Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collateral	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
Loans	3,143	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	13,695	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	16,838	-	-	-	-	-	-
Of which defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

b) Credit Risk Disclosure (Continued):

Standardized Approach Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation effects

Current Period	Exposures before CCF and CRM		Exposures post-CCF and CRM		RWA and RWA density	
	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Concentration of risk weighted amount
Risk classes						
Exposures to central governments and their central banks	237,223	-	237,223	68,277	-	0,0%
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	472	-	472	-	-	0,0%
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	216,964	204,300	341,163	11,824	50,959	64,9%
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories by Takasbank	-	1,505	-	1,505	18,809	23,94%
Exposures in the form of mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	933	7,866	933	7,866	8,799	11,2%
Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	455,592	213,671	579,791	89,472	78,567	100,0%

Prior Period	Exposures before CCF and CRM		Exposures post-CCF and CRM		RWA and RWA density	
	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	On-balance sheet amount	Off-balance sheet amount	Risk weighted amount	Concentration of risk weighted amount
Risk classes						
Exposures to central governments and their central banks	127,666	-	127,666	49,445	-	0,0%
Exposures to regional and local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	43	-	43	-	-	0,0%
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	195,288	142,268	278,154	9,958	46,881	82,9%
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial property	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in high-risk categories by Takasbank	-	371	-	371	4,643	8,2%
Exposures in the form of mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term exposures to banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	1,448	3,566	1,448	3,566	5,013	8,9%
Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	324,445	146,205	407,311	63,340	56,537	100,0%

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)****b) Credit Risk Disclosure (Continued)****Standardized Approach – Exposures by Risk Classes and Risk Weights****Current Period:**

Asset Classes / Risk Weights	0%	10%	20 ⁽¹⁾ %	25%	35%	50 ⁽¹⁾ %	75%	100 ⁽¹⁾ %	150%	200%	Other risk weights	Total credit risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
Exposures to central governments or central banks	305,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305,500
Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	472	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	472
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to brokerage houses and banks	124,199	-	211,450	-	-	17,338	-	-	-	-	-	352,987
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures classified in high-risk categories by Takasbank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,505	1,505
Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,799	-	-	-	8,799
Total	430,171	-	211,450	-	-	17,338	-	8,799	-	-	1,505	669,263

⁽¹⁾ It refers to unrated exposures.**Prior Period:**

	0%	10%	20 ⁽¹⁾ %	25%	35%	50 ⁽¹⁾ %	75%	100 ⁽¹⁾ %	150%	200%	Other risk weights	Total credit risk exposure amount (after CCF and CRM)
Exposures to central governments or central banks	177,111	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	177,111
Exposures to regional governments or local authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to public sector entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	43
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to brokerage houses and banks	82,866	-	185,806	-	-	19,440	-	-	-	-	-	288,112
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by residential property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures secured by commercial real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past-due loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures classified in high-risk categories by Takasbank	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	371	371
Exposures in the form of covered bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to institutions and corporates with a short-term credit assessment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures in the form of units or shares in collective investment undertakings (CIUs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in equity shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,013	-	-	-	5,013
Total	260,020	-	185,806	-	-	19,440	-	5,013	-	-	371	470,650

⁽¹⁾ It refers to unrated exposures.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

c) Qualitative Disclosure Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Analysis of counterparty credit risk (CCR) exposure by approach

Current Period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE ⁽¹⁾	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post CRM	Risk Weighted Amounts
Standardized approach-CCR (for derivatives)	-	-		1,4	-	-
Internal Model Method (for derivative transactions and securities financing transactions)			-	-	-	-
Simple Financial Collateral Method used for KRA (for securities financing transactions)					-	-
Comprehensive Financial Collateral Method used for KRA (for securities financing transactions)					-	-
Exposure at Risk for Securities Financing Transactions					-	-
Total					-	-

⁽¹⁾ Effective Expected Positive Exposure

Prior Period	Replacement cost	Potential future exposure	EEPE ⁽¹⁾	Alpha used for computing regulatory EAD	EAD post CRM	Risk Weighted Amounts
Standardized approach-CCR (for derivatives)	-	-		1,4	-	-
Internal Model Method (for derivative transactions and securities financing transactions)			-	-	-	-
Simple Financial Collateral Method used for KRA (for securities financing transactions)					-	-
Comprehensive Financial Collateral Method used for KRA (for securities financing transactions)					-	-
Exposure at Risk for Securities Financing Transactions					-	-
Total					-	-

⁽¹⁾ Effective Expected Positive Exposure

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

c) Qualitative Disclosure Related to Counterparty Credit Risk (Continued)

Standardized Approach-CCR exposures by regulatory portfolio and risk weights

Current period:

Risk Weight/Regulatory portfolio	0%	10%	20%	50 %	75%	100%	150%	Others	Total credit exposure
Exposures to central governments and their central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to regional and local government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Total credit risk: The amount to be considered in the capital adequacy calculation after applying CRM.

**Other receivables: Includes amounts not included in counterparty credit risk reported in Template CCR8.

Prior Period

Risk Weight/Regulatory portfolio	0%	10%	20⁽¹⁾ %	50⁽¹⁾ %	75%	100%	150%	Other	Total credit exposure
Exposures to central governments and their central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to regional and local government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to administrative bodies and non-commercial entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to banks and brokerage houses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exposures to corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other exposures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

*Total credit risk: The amount to be considered in the capital adequacy calculation after applying CRM.

**Other receivables: Includes amounts not included in counterparty credit risk reported in Template CCR8.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VII. Risk Management Objectives and Policies (Continued)

c) Qualitative Disclosure Related to Counterparty Credit Risk(Continued)

3.3 Composition of collateral for CCR exposure

Current Period	Collateral for derivative transactions				Collateral for other transactions	
	Collateral received		Collateral given		Collateral received	Collateral given
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
Cash-domestic currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash-foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills - Treasury/CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills – other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prior Period	Collateral for derivative transactions				Collateral for other transactions	
	Collateral received		Collateral given		Collateral received	Collateral given
	Segregated	Unsegregated	Segregated	Unsegregated		
Cash-domestic currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash-foreign currency	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills - Treasury/CBRT	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government bonds/bills – other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Government agency debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Corporate debts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other collateral	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

Credit derivatives

None (31 December 2025: None).

d) Central counterparty risk

None (31 December 2025: None).

e) Standardized Approach: Qualitative disclosure requirements related to market risk

	Risk Weighted Amount	
	Current Period	Prior Period
Outright products		
Interest rate risk (general and specific)	1,134	1,164
Equity risk (general and specific)	-	-
Foreign exchange risk	389	434
Commodity risk	-	-
Options	-	-
Simplified approach	-	-
Delta-plus method	-	-
Scenario approach	-	-
Securitization	-	-
Total	1,523	1,598

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Segment Reporting

Current Period	Custody, Clearing and Operation	Loans	Treasury Transactions	Other	Total
Cash and Balances with Central Bank	-	-	231,346	-	231,346
Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Profit/Loss	-	-	1,213	-	1,213
Banks	-	-	186,214	-	186,214
Money Markets	-	-	9,611	-	9,611
Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Other	-	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	9	9
Loans ⁽¹⁾	-	11,782	-	-	11,782
Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	-	-	13,449	-	13,449
Subsidiaries (Net)	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures (Net)	-	-	5	-	5
Tangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	185	185
Intangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	737	737
Investment Properties (Net)	-	-	-	402	402
Tax Assets	-	-	-	399	399
Financial Derivative Assets for Trading	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	841	-	-	719	1,560
Total Assets	841	11,782	441,838	2,451	456,912
Funds Borrowed	-	-	21,429	-	21,429
Debts to the Money Markets	-	-	-	-	-
Funds	381,126	17	-	26,713	407,856
Lease Liability	-	-	-	29	29
Derivative Financial Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions	-	22	-	1,003	1,025
Tax Liability	-	-	-	2,837	2,837
Shareholder's Equity	-	-	-	23,736	23,736
Total Liabilities	381,126	39	21,429	54,318	456,912

⁽¹⁾ Expected loss provisions set aside within the scope of TFRS 9 are not given.

⁽²⁾ Expected loss provisions set aside within the scope of TFRS 9 are not given.

The Bank operates mainly in the areas of custody-operation, clearing service, credit and treasury transactions.

Prior Period	Custody, Clearing and Operation	Loans	Treasury Transactions	Other	Total
Cash and Balances with Central Bank	-	-	120,000	-	120,000
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit/Loss (Net)	-	-	1,167	-	1,167
Banks	-	-	177,221	-	177,221
Money Markets	-	-	4,405	-	4,405
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other	-	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive Income (Net)	-	-	-	9	9
Loans ⁽¹⁾	-	3,143	-	-	3,143
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	-	-	13,695	-	13,695
Subsidiaries (Net)	-	-	-	-	-
Joint Ventures (Net)	-	-	5	-	5
Tangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	139	139
Intangible Assets (Net)	-	-	-	478	478
Investment Properties (Net)	-	-	-	402	402
Tax Assets	-	-	-	520	520
Financial Derivative Assets for Trading	-	-	-	-	-
Other Assets	559	-	-	485	1,044
Total Assets	559	3,143	316,493	2,033	322,228
Funds Borrowed	-	-	23,934	-	23,934
Debts to the Money Markets	-	-	2,873	-	2,874
Funds	251,804	6	-	19,074	270,884
Lease Liability	-	-	-	1	1
Derivative Financial Liability	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions	-	14	-	1,396	1,410
Tax Liability	-	-	-	1,845	1,845
Shareholder's Equity	-	-	-	21,281	21,281
Total Liabilities	251,804	20	26,807	43,597	322,228

⁽¹⁾ Expected loss provisions set aside within the scope of TFRS 9 are given.

⁽²⁾ Expected loss provisions set aside within the scope of TFRS 9 are given.

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INFORMATION ON FINANCIAL STRUCTURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

VIII. Explanations on Segment Reporting (Continued)

Current Period	Custody, Clearing and Operation	Loans	Treasury Transactions	Other	Total
Net interest income	-	1,710	5,666	-	7,376
Net fees and commissions income and other operating income	6,798	-	-	-	6,798
Dividend income	-	-	382	-	382
Trading profit/loss	-	-	58	-	58
Other operating receivables	-	-	-	88	88
Impairment provision for loans and other receivables (-)	-	21	-	-	21
Other operating expenses	-	-	-	(3,145)	(3,145)
Profit before taxes	6,798	1,689	6,106	(3,057)	11,536
Tax provision	-	-	-	(3,236)	(3,236)
Net profit for the period	6,798	1,689	6,106	(6,293)	8,300

Prior Period	Custody, Clearing and Operation	Loans	Treasury Transactions	Other	Total
Net interest income	-	799	4,785	-	5,584
Net fees and commissions income and other operating income	3,967	-	-	-	3,967
Dividend income	-	-	299	-	299
Trading profit/loss	-	-	138	-	138
Other operating receivables	-	-	-	33	33
Impairment provision for loans and other receivables (-)	-	89	-	-	89
Other operating expenses	-	-	-	(1,915)	(1,915)
Profit before taxes	3,967	710	5,222	(1,882)	8,017
Tax provision	-	-	-	(2,243)	(2,243)
Net profit for the period	3,967	710	5,222	(4,125)	5,774

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

SECTION FIVE

EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets

1. Information on Cash and Balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye:

1.a) Information on cash and balances with the Central Bank of Türkiye:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
CBRT	231,346	-	120,000	-
Cash/foreign currency	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	231,346	-	120,000	-

1.b) Information related to the account of the Central Bank of Türkiye:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	231,346	-	120,000	-
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Total	231,346	-	120,000	-

1.c) Information on required reserves:

In accordance with the Official Statement numbered 2013/15 about Required Reserves, liabilities that are subject to required reserves have been changed. Required reserves are not kept in the Central Bank of Türkiye as the liabilities stated in the newly announced Official Statement are lacked in the Bank.

2. Information on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (net):

2.a) Information on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (combination with net values)

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Derivative financial assets held for trading				
Forward transactions	110	-	99	-
Swap transactions	-	-	-	-
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options transactions	-	-	-	-
Other	14	1,089	14	1,054
Total	124	1,089	113	1,054

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)

3. Information on Banks

3.a) Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks				
Domestic	132,961	42,954	135,421	38,661
Foreign	-	10,506	-	3,334
Foreign Head Offices and Branches	-	-	-	-
Total	132,961	53,460	135,421	41,995

As of 30 June 2026, the Expected Loss Provision balance reserved for the Banks account is TRY 207 (31 December 2025: TRY 195).

3.b) Information on foreign banks account:

	Unrestricted amount		Restricted amount	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
European Union Countries	9,468	3,215	-	-
USA, Canada	1,038	119	-	-
OECD countries	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	10,506	3,334	-	-

3.c) Information on receivables from money markets:

As of 30 June 2026, receivables from money markets amount to TRY 9,611 (31 December 2025: TRY 4,405).

4. Information on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

4.a) Information on equity instruments:

Name	Acquired On	Current Period		Prior Period	
		Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount	Ratio (%)
Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.	31.05.2013	0.32	0.15	0.32	0.15
Ege Tarım Ürünleri Lisanslı Depoculuk A.Ş.	03.01.2011	0.64	4.12	0.64	4.12
Sermaye Piyasası Lisanslama Sicil ve Eğitim Kuruluşu A.Ş.	29.07.2011	0.21	10.50	0.21	10.50
S.W.I.F.T.SCRL	24.04.2009	5.18	0.04	5.18	0.02
SASE - Sarajevo Menkul Kıymetler Borsası	18.05.2011	0.32	5.00	0.32	5.00
Türkiye Ürün İhtisas Borsası A.Ş.	25.07.2018	2.5	5.00	2.5	5.00
Total		9.00		9.00	
		Current Period		Prior Period	
Debt securities					
Quoted on a stock Exchange					
Not quoted on a stock Exchange					
Equity Securities					
Quoted on a stock Exchange					
Not quoted on a stock Exchange					
Impairment provision (-)					
Total		9		9	

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)

5. Information on Derivative Financial Assets:

- a) i. Information on the portion of derivative financial assets whose fair value difference is reflected in profit or loss:

None. (31 December 2025: None).

- a) ii. Positive Differences Table for Derivative Financial Information:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
		FC	TRY	FC
Forward transactions	-	-	-	-
Swap transactions	-	-	-	-
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options transactions	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

- a) iii. Information on derivative financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:

None (31 December 2025: None).

6. Information on loans:

- a) Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Bank:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Cash	Non-Cash	Cash	Non-Cash
Direct loans granted to shareholders	9,566	107,340	2,054	69,545
<i>Corporate shareholders</i>	<i>9,566</i>	<i>107,340</i>	<i>2,054</i>	<i>69,545</i>
<i>Real person shareholders</i>	-	-	-	-
Indirect loans granted to shareholders	-	-	-	-
Loans granted to employees	-	-	-	-
Total	9,566	107,340	2,054	69,545

- b) Information on loans with standard qualifications and close monitoring followed by restructured loans:

Cash Loan	Performing Loan	Loans under Follow-up		
		Non restructured	Restructured	
Current Period			Revised Contract Terms	Refinanced
Non-specialized loans	11,794	-	-	-
Business loans	-	-	-	-
Export loans	-	-	-	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	11,794	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	11,794	-	-	-

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**
I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)
6. Information on loans (Continued):

- b) Information on loans with standard qualifications and close monitoring followed by restructured loans (Continued):

Cash Loan	Performing Loan	Loans under Follow-up		
		Non restructured	Revised Contract Terms	Restructured
Prior Period				Refinanced
Non-specialized loans	3,146	-	-	-
Business loans	-	-	-	-
Export loans	-	-	-	-
Import loans	-	-	-	-
Loans given to financial sector	3,146	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Specialized loans	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-
Total	3,146	-	-	-

- c) Information on consumer loans, individual credit cards, and personnel loans and personnel credit cards:
None (31 December 2025: None).

- d) Information on commercial loans with instalments and corporate credit cards:
None (31 December 2025: None).

- e) Loans according to borrowers:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Private	11,794	3,146
Public	-	-
Total	11,794	3,146

- f) Domestic and foreign loans:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic Loans	11,794	3,146
Foreign Loans	-	-
Total	11,794	3,146

- g) Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates:

None (31 December 2025: None).

- h) Information on non-performing loans:

None (31 December 2025: None).

- i) Information on non-performing loans (Net):

- i.1) Information on loans and other receivables included in non-performing loans which are restructured or rescheduled:

None (31 December 2025: None).

- i.2) Information on movement of non-performing loans:

None (31 December 2025: None).

- i.3) Information on foreign currency non-performing loans and other receivables:

None (31 December 2025: None).

- i.4) Information regarding gross and net amounts of non-performing loans with respect to user groups:

None (31 December 2025: None).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)

6. Information on loans (Continued):

j) Expected loss provision

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring	Standard Loans	Loans Under Close Monitoring
12 Month expected credit losses	12	-	2	-
Significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-
Total	12	-	2	-

k) Information on write-off policy:

Not prepared according to the 25th provisional clause of “Communiqué on Publicly Announced Financial Statements, Explanations and Notes to These Financial Statements”.

7. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

7.a) i. Information on financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government bonds	3,996	3,375
Government Debt Securities	-	2,055
Other (*)	9,462	8,276
Total	13,458	13,706

(*) Securities, bonds and lease certificates (sukuk) obtained from other private banks are included.

7.a) ii. Information on government debt instruments:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	13,458	13,706
Quoted on a stock Exchange	13,458	13,706
Not quoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	13,458	13,706

7.a) iii. Movement of financial assets measured at amortized cost:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Beginning balance	13,706	9,387
Purchases during year	6,018	10,848
Disposals through sales and redemptions ⁽¹⁾	(6,352)	(8,758)
Effect of valuation ⁽²⁾	86	2,229
Total	13,458	13,706

⁽¹⁾ All of disposals through sales and redemptions amount is from redemptions.

⁽²⁾ Includes changes in interest discounts.

7.b) Information on expected credit loss provisions for financial assets:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Banks	207	195
Miscellaneous Receivables	8	14
Other Financial Assets Measured by Amortized Cost	9	11
Reverse Repo	-	-
Total	224	220

7.c) Information on other financial assets:

None (31 December 2025: None).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**
I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)**8. Information on investments in associates (Net):**

- 8.a) Information on consolidated associates according to Communiqué on Preparing Banks' Consolidated Financial Statements and related Turkish Accounting Standard: None. (31 December 2025: None).
- 8.b) Information on the unconsolidated associates: None (31 December 2025: None).
- 8.c) Explanations of consolidated associates: None (31 December 2025: None).
- 8.d) Information on sector information on consolidated associates: None (31 December 2025: None).
- 8.e) Consolidated associates which are quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2025: None).

9. Information on subsidiaries (Net):

- 9.a) Information on the unconsolidated subsidiaries:
Although the bank holds 65% of the shares in the Central Registry Agency, Inc. (MKK), the voting rights are 2/7 according to the articles of association, and therefore, control over the subsidiary is not established. As a result, this subsidiary has not been consolidated. The subsidiary has been recorded in the financial statements at its cost of TRY 5 million.

Description	Address (City/Country)	Bank's share percentage- If different voting percentage (%)	Bank risk group's share percentage (%)
Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	22.22	64.90

Total Assets ⁽¹⁾	Shareholder's Equity	Total Fixed Assets	Interest Income	Income from Marketable Securities Portfolio	Current Period Profit/Loss	Prior Period Profits / Losses	Fair Value
3,922	2,521	1,157	459	287	1,143	1,113	-

⁽¹⁾ Current period financial statements are obtained from unreviewed financial statements prepared as of 30 June 2026 in accordance with the TAS.

- 9.b) Information on the consolidated subsidiaries:

- i. Information on the consolidated subsidiaries: None (31 December 2025: None).
- ii. Information on movement of consolidated subsidiaries: None (31 December 2025: None).
- iii. Consolidated Sector information regarding consolidated subsidiaries: None (31 December 2025: None).
- iv. Consolidated subsidiaries quoted on the stock exchange: None (31 December 2025: None).

10. Information on entities under common control (joint ventures):

None (31 December 2025: None).

11. Information on finance lease receivables (Net):

None (31 December 2025: None).

12. Information on investment property:

As of 30 June 2026, the Bank has an investment property balance of TRY 402 (31 December 2025: TRY 402).

13. Information on assets held for sale and discontinued operations:

None (31 December 2025: None).

14. Explanations on deferred tax:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are netted off as deferred tax liability in the balance sheet liabilities and explanations on deferred tax asset / liability for the current and previous period are given in footnote II.6. of Section Five.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

I. Explanations and Notes Related to Assets (Continued)

15. Information on other assets:

Other assets exceed 10% of the balance sheet total (excluding off balance sheet commitments). The details of other assets are presented below.

Allocation of other assets:

	Current Period	Prior Period
VIOP Guarantees ⁽¹⁾	515	270
Custody and fee accruals	841	557
Prepaid expenses	175	117
Invoices payables	24	94
Cash guarantees given	5	4
Stationary supplies	-	1
Other	-	1
Total	1,560	1,044

⁽¹⁾ The account represents a daily margin call, with the related balance being settled on the following business day.

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities

1. Information on Deposits:

- Information on the maturity structure of deposits: The Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.
- Information on savings deposits covered by insurance: The Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.
- Whether savings deposits at the Bank's branch in Türkiye, whose headquarters is located abroad, are covered by insurance in the country where the headquarters is located: The Bank's headquarters is in Türkiye.
- Amounts not covered by insurance: The Bank is not authorized to accept deposits.

2. Information on derivative financial liabilities:

- Information on derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: The Bank has no Derivative Liability balance as of 30 June 2026 (31 December 2025: None).
- Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income: None (31 December 2025: None).

3. Informations on funds borrowed:

- Information on banks and other financial institutions:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From domestic banks and institutions	17,489	3,940	9,240	14,694
From foreign banks, institutions and funds	-	-	-	-
Total	17,489	3,940	9,240	14,694

- Information on money markets debts:

As of 30 June 2026, there is no outstanding balance of borrowings from money markets. (31 December 2025: TRY 2,873).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

c) Maturity analysis of Funds borrowed:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Short-term	17,489	3,940	9,240	14,694
Medium and long-term	-	-	-	-
Total	17,489	3,940	9,240	14,694

d) Additional explanation related to the concentrations of the Bank's major liabilities:

Bank's liabilities include taxes payables and other payables and cash collaterals, guarantee funds which members give for different markets.

4. Information on funds:

a) Information on borrowers' funds: None (31 December 2025: None).

b) Information on other funds:

The breakdown of funds which is the main liabilities of the Bank is as below:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Cash collaterals	341,073	39,461	221,649	28,088
Members' receivables	3,115	19,004	4,414	10,397
State Contribution for Individual Pension System	3,914	-	5,767	-
Expense accruals	49	-	61	-
Other ⁽¹⁾	1,240	-	508	-
Total	349,391	58,465	232,399	38,485

⁽¹⁾ The "Other" item consists of margin call accounts, pool accounts and guarantee fund accounts.

5. Explanations on financial lease liabilities (net):

a) Explanation on finance lease payables: TRY 29 (31 December 2025: TRY 1).

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Gross	Net	Gross	Net
Less than 1 Year	-	-	-	-
Between 1-4 Years	38	29	1	1
More than 4 Years	-	-	-	-
Total	38	29	1	1

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

6. Information on employee termination benefits and unused vacation accrual:

a) Information on employee termination benefits and unused vacation accrual:

Under Turkish Labour Law, the Bank is required to pay employment termination benefits to each employee who has qualified. Also, employees are required to be paid their retirement pay provisions who retired by gaining right to receive retirement pay provisions according to current 506 numbered Social Insurance Law's 6 June 1981 dated, 2422 numbered, 25 August 1999 dated and 4447 numbered with 60th article that has been changed. Some transition provisions related to the pre-retirement service term was excluded from the law since the related law was changed as of 23 May 2002. The provision for employment termination benefits of the Bank is calculated over the TRY 73,729.87 (full TRY) (31 December 2025: TRY 53,919.68) (full TRY) which is the maximum amount of employment termination benefits.

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement. The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Bank arising from the retirement of employees. TAS 19 requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability: main assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase parallel with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Consequently, in the accompanying financial statements as of

The main assumption is that the maximum liability amount per service year will increase in line with inflation. Accordingly, the discount rate applied reflects the expected real rate after adjusting for future inflation effects. Therefore, as of 30 June 2026, the provision shown in the attached financial statements is calculated by estimating the present value of the Bank's probable future obligation arising from employees' retirements. The provisions at the balance sheet date have been calculated by using a real discount rate of approximately 4.03%, which is derived based on an assumed annual inflation rate of 6% and an interest rate of 29% (real discount rate of 4.03% as of December 31, 2025). In addition, the estimated rate of severance pay amounts that are not paid due to voluntary resignations and remain a liability of the Bank has also been considered in the calculation

	Current Period	Prior Period
Total liabilities of employee terminations (Undiscounted)	198	152
Provision for employee termination (Presented in financial statements)	94	78
The ratio of provision to undiscounted total liabilities (%)	47.47	51.32

As of 30 June 2026, the Bank's severance pay liability is TRY 94 (31 December 2025: TRY 78).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

6. Information on provisions (Continued):

a.1) Movement of employee termination benefits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
As of January, 1	78	62
Paid during the year	-	(11)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	-	(2)
Charge for the year	16	29
<i>Service charge</i>	5	9
<i>Interest charge</i>	11	20
Total	94	78

a.2) The reserve for employee benefits:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Unused vacation provision	203	119
Total	203	119

As of 30 June 2026, the Bank provided a reserve of TRY 203 (31 December 2025: TRY 119) for the unused vacation which is classified under Reserve for Employee Benefits in the financial statements.

b) Information on other provisions:

b.1) Liabilities for pension funds established in accordance with “Social Security Institution”: None (31 December 2025: None).

b.2) Breakdown of the subsidiary accounts if other provisions exceed 10% of the grand total of provisions:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for employee benefits ⁽³⁾	455	1,042
Provisions for CMB’s Share Fee ⁽²⁾	246	148
Expected Credit Losses ⁽¹⁾	22	14
Provision for litigation	5	9
Total	728	1,213

⁽¹⁾ Consists of 12 months’ expected credit loss provisions for non-cash loans.

⁽²⁾ According to the related article of the Bank’s Capital Markets Law, the board share to be paid to the Capital Markets Board in 2026 consists of an expense accrual (CMB Board Share).

⁽³⁾ Includes bonus provisions provided to employees as of the period-end.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for litigation beginning balance	9	4
Additions	-	7
Payments (-)	(4)	(2)
Cancellations (-)	-	-
Provisions for cases year end	5	9

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

6. Information on provisions (Continued):

c Liabilities Resulting from Retirement Benefits: None (31 December 2025: None.)

c.1) Liabilities for pension funds established in accordance with “Social Security Institution”: None (31 December 2025: None).

c.2) Liabilities resulting from all kinds of pension funds, foundations, which provide post-retirement benefits for the employees: None (31 December 2025: None).

7. Explanations on taxes payable:

a) Information on current tax liability:

a.1) Corporate tax:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for corporate taxes	3,115	4,973
Prepaid taxes (-)	1,225	3,644
Corporate Income Tax Payable	1,890	1,329

a.2) Information on taxes payable:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Corporate taxes payable	1,890	1,329
Taxation on securities	562	239
Banking insurance transaction tax (BITT)	237	168
Value added tax payable	3	3
Other	95	77
Total	2,787	1,816

a.3) Information on premiums:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums-employer	26	15
Social security premiums-employee	20	12
Unemployment insurance-employer	3	1
Unemployment insurance-employee	1	1
Total	50	29

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

7. Explanations on taxes payable (Continued):

b) Explanations on deferred tax liabilities:

Distribution of deferred tax assets/(liabilities):

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	Accumulated Temporary Differences	Deferred tax asset/(liability)	Accumulated Temporary Differences	Deferred tax asset/(liability)
Provisions for severance pay	94	28	78	23
Vacation pay liability	658	197	1,161	348
CMB Board share provision - other provision	246	74	148	44
TFRS 9 provision for expected losses	259	78	237	71
Internal yield and market value differences of financial assets and government securities measured at amortized cost	118	35	131	39
Interest accruals	16	5	27	9
Lawsuits and bonus	5	2	9	3
Deferred tax asset	1,396	419	1,791	537
Differences between the book value of fixed assets and tax value	(49)	(15)	(58)	(17)
TFRS 16 Leases	(15)	(5)	-	-
Deferred tax liability	(64)	(20)	(58)	(17)
Deferred tax assets/(liability), net:		399		520

Deferred tax asset transaction table:

	Current Period	Prior Period
As of January, 1	520	274
Deferred tax income/(expense)	(116)	246
Deferred tax recognized under equity	-	(1)
Deferred tax asset	404	520

8. Information on Shareholders' Equity:

a) Presentation of Paid-in capital:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common stock ⁽¹⁾	600	600
Preferred Shares	-	-

⁽¹⁾ As of 30 June 2026, the Bank has totally 6.000.000.000 issued share certificates.

b) Information on extraordinary reserves:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Reserves appropriated by the General Assembly	13,131	8,032
Retained Earnings	-	-
Accumulated Losses	-	-
Foreign Capital Exchange Difference	-	-
Total	13,131	8,032

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

II. Explanations and Notes Related to Liabilities (Continued)

8. Information on Shareholders' Equity (Continued):

c) Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at the Bank if so, and amount of registered share capital ceiling:

Registered share capital system is not applied as of the balance sheet date (31 December 2025: Not applied).

d) Other information on the share of capital increased through capital contributions performed during the current period and capital funds:

None (31 December 2025: None).

e) Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period:

None (31 December 2025: None).

f) Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and at the end of the following interim period, the general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments:

None (31 December 2025: None).

g) Indicators of the Bank's income, profitability and liquidity for the previous periods and possible effects of these future assumptions on the Bank's equity due to the uncertainty of these indicators:

Due to the Bank's liquid position and good relations with other banks, the Bank has the means to provide low cost financing and place it in domestic market which leads to profits. In parallel with this, if similar circumstances will occur in the future, it can be predicted that profitability will increase and this will improve the equity of the Bank with retained profits.

h) Information on marketable securities valuation reserve:

None (31 December 2025: None).

i) Information on past year profit distribution:

At the General Assembly meeting held on March 26, 2026, it was resolved that, following the approval of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, a dividend payment of TRY 5,844 would be made to the shareholders and the remaining amount would be added to the extraordinary reserves account. Dividend payments to the shareholders will be made on June 29, 2026.

j) Information on minority shares:

None (31 December 2025: None).

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

III. Explanations and Notes Related to Off-Balance Sheet Accounts

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities:

- a) Nature and amount of irrevocable loan commitments: None (31 December 2025: None).
- b) Losses and commitments related to off-balance sheet items including items listed below:
- b.1) Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and other letters of credit: As of the balance sheet date, the details of the Bank's other non-cash loans consisting of guarantees given for Takasbank Money Market, Securities Lending Market, BIAS Equity Market, Over-the-counter derivative instruments market, BIAS Debt Securities Market, BIAS Swap Market, BIAS Money Market and BIAS Futures and Options Market transactions are shown below.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against achieving cash loans	-	-
With Original Maturity of One Year or Less	-	-
With Original Maturity of More than One Year	-	-
Other non-cash loans (*)	204,300	142,268
Total Non-Cash Loans	200,300	142,268

(*) These are the guarantees provided for Takasbank, Borsa Istanbul Futures and Options Market, Borsa Istanbul Money Market, Borsa Istanbul Swap Market, Securities Lending Market, Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Equity Market, and Debt Securities Market transactions.

- b.2) Guarantees, temporary guarantees, collateral and other warranties: None (31 December 2025: None).

- b.3) Explanation of irrevocable commitments:

Other Irrevocable Commitments:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Capital commitment for the Futures and Options Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	2,078	-	810	-
Capital commitment for the Securities Lending Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) counterparty services)	16	-	2	-
Capital commitment for the Money Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) counterparty services (CCP))	2	-	1	-
Capital commitment for the Equity Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	234	-	25	-
Capital commitment for the Debt Securities Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) (Bank is central counterparty services)	1,988	-	1,010	-
Capital commitment for the Swap Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	252	-	168	-
Capital commitment for the Over-the-Counter Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	12	-	4	-
Capital commitment for the Takasbank Payment System Market	1,083	-	235	-
Total	5,665	-	2,255	-

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

III. Explanations and Notes Related to Off-Balance Sheet Accounts (Continued)

1. Information on off-balance sheet liabilities: (Continued)

Disclosure of Allocations:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Capital commitment for the Futures and Options Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	807	-	471	-
Capital commitment for the Securities Lending Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) counterparty services)	6	-	1	-
Capital commitment for the Money Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) counterparty services (CCP))	1	-	-	-
Capital commitment for the Equity Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	91	-	15	-
Capital commitment for the Debt Securities Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty) (Bank is central counterparty services)	772	-	587	-
Capital commitment for the Swap Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	98	-	98	-
Capital commitment for the Over-the-Counter Market (as the Bank is the Central Counterparty)	5	-	2	-
Capital commitment for the Takasbank Payment System Market	421	-	136	-
Total	2,201	-	1,310	-

d) Explanation related to Guarantees

The total valuation of the market collateral in the markets where the Bank is the Central Counterparty is TRY 429,208 (31 December 2025: TRY 365,498), the total of the valued guarantee fund is TRY 17,659 (31 December 2025: TRY 20,201).

e) Explanations Regarding Off-Balance Sheet Loans

Takasbank acts as the central counterparty for transactions in BIAS Futures and Options Market, BIAS Money Market, BIAS Swap Market, Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Equity Market, and Debt Securities Market, thereby guaranteeing the Bank's transactions in these markets.

For transactions in BIAS Futures and Options Market, BIAS Money Market, BIAS Swap Market, Over-the-Counter Derivatives Market, Equity Market, and Debt Securities Market, Takasbank assigns limits to members and requires continuous collateral obligations for these limits. These collaterals are held by the bank as multiples of the credit limits, which are determined based on their liquidity.

f) Information related to investment securities held in custody:

The investment securities held in custody, TRY17,148,896 (31 December 2025: TRY14,610,360) of the TRY17,148,671 (31 December 2025: TRY14,610,134) balance of investment securities held in custody are investment funds as the other TRY 225 (31 December 2025: TRY 225) balance consists of share certificate held in custody.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

IV. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Profit or Loss

1. Information on interest on loans:

a) Information on interest on loans:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Short-term loans	1,654	-	789	-
Medium/long-term loans	-	-	-	-
Interest on loans under follow-up	-	-	-	-
Premiums received from the resource utilization support fund	-	-	-	-
Total	1,654	-	789	-

b) Information on interest received from banks:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	5,574	1,216	3,871	1,156
Foreign banks	-	1	-	1
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	5,574	1,217	3,871	1,157

c) Interest received from marketable securities portfolio

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
From financial assets measured at amortized cost	792	196	392	321
From financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	21	22	18	30
From financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Total	813	218	410	351

d) Information on interest income received from associates and subsidiaries:

None (30 June 2025: None).

e) Other information:

None (30 June 2025: None).

2. Information on interest expense:

a) Information on Interest Paid on Borrowings:

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Banks				
The Central Bank of Türkiye	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	1,875	280	436	568
Foreign banks	-	-	-	-
Branches and head office abroad	-	-	-	-
Other financial institutions	1	-	-	-
Total	1,876	280	436	568

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

IV. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Profit or Loss (Continued)

2. Information on interest expense: (Continued)

b) Information on interest expenses to associates and subsidiaries:

None (30 June 2025: None).

c) Information on interest expense to marketable securities issued:

None (30 June 2025: None).

d) Distribution of interest expense on deposits based on maturity of deposits:

None (30 June 2025: None).

3. Information on dividend income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Interest Received from Marketable Securities	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11	4
Other (MKK)	371	295
Total	382	299

4. Information on net trading income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Income	92	188
Gains on capital market operations	5	27
Gains on derivative financial instrument	4	25
Foreign exchange gains	83	136
Losses (-)	(34)	(50)
Losses on capital market operations	-	-
Losses on derivative financial instruments	(1)	(2)
Foreign exchange losses	(33)	(48)
Total (Net)	58	138

5. Information on other operating income:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions no longer required	45	15
Collection of prior year expenses	4	2
Income from sales of the assets	16	-
Other Income ⁽¹⁾	23	16
Total	88	33

(1) Project revenues consist of fund title deed expense commission incomes and security deposit refund incomes.

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

IV. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Profit or Loss (Continued)

6. Explanations on Banks' expected credit loss:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Expected credit loss	21	89
12 month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	21	89
Significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2)	-	-
Non-performing loans (Stage 3)	-	-
Marketable securities impairment expense	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment provision for associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures	-	-
Associates	-	-
Subsidiaries	-	-
Joint ventures	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	21	89

7. Information on other operating expenses:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Personnel expenses ⁽¹⁾	1,802	1,029
Severance Pay Provision Expenses	16	10
Bank Social Assistance Fund Asset Deficit Provision	-	-
Tangible Asset Impairment Expenses	-	-
Tangible Fixed Asset Depreciation Expenses	33	32
Intangible Assets Impairment Expenses	-	-
Goodwill Impairment Expense	-	-
Intangible Assets Depreciation Expenses	57	41
Depreciation Expense of Shares of Shares with Equity Management Applied	-	-
Assets to be disposed of Impairment expenses	-	-
Depreciation Value Expenses to be Disposal	-	-
Impairment Expenses on Fixed Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	487	360
<i>Lease expenses related to TFRS 16 exceptions ⁽²⁾</i>	<i>18</i>	<i>13</i>
<i>Maintenance and Repair Expenses</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>2</i>
<i>Advertising and Advertisement Expenses</i>	<i>186</i>	<i>83</i>
<i>Other Expenses ⁽⁴⁾</i>	<i>280</i>	<i>262</i>
Losses Arising from the Sale of Assets	-	-
Other ⁽³⁾	746	443
Total	3,145	1,915

⁽¹⁾ "Personnel Expenses", which is a separate item in the profit or loss statement, is also included table above.

⁽²⁾ 30 June 2026 amounts include all operating lease expenses.

⁽³⁾ Other operating expenses consists of provisions for capital market board's share fee, legal claims and unused vacation.

⁽⁴⁾ The insurance expenses, heating, lighting expenses, communication expenses, computer usage expenses, auditing consulting expenses, printed paper expenses, and other expenses are included.

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

IV. Explanations and Notes Related to Statement of Profit or Loss (Continued)

8. Information on continued and discontinued operations from tax provisions:

- a) The Bank presents deferred tax asset and the resulting deferred tax benefit in its financial statements.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Current income tax charge	(3,115)	(2,285)
Deferred tax charge	(121)	42
Total	(3,236)	(2,243)

- b) Deferred tax on temporary differences:

	Current Period	Prior Period
CMB Provision	30	22
Provision for Severance Pay	5	4
Permit Provision	(151)	(44)
Litigation and Premium Provision	(1)	-
TFRS 9 Expected Loss Provisions	7	27
Internal Yield and Market Value Differences of Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost	(4)	4
Differences Between Carrying Value of Fixed Assets and Tax Value	2	27
Interest Discounts	(4)	-
Deferred tax expense recognized under equity	-	2
Provision for Prepaid Expenses	-	2
Total	(121)	42

9. Information on net profit/loss from continued and discontinued operations:

As of 30 June 2026, net profit after tax of the Bank is TRY 8,300 (30 June 2025: TRY 5,774).

10. The explanations on net income/loss for the period:

- The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations is disclosed if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for the complete understanding Bank's performance for the period: None (30 June 2025: None).
- Effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current and, if any, for subsequent periods: There is no effect of changes in accounting estimates on income statement for the current period: None (30 June 2025: None).
- Profit/loss attributable to minority shares: None (30 June 2025: None).

11. If the other items in the income statement exceed 10% of the income statement total, accounts amounting to at least 20% of these items are shown below:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Other fees and commissions		
-Commissions on options exchange	2,142	1,345
-Service commissions	1,743	985
-Other	1,976	929
-Custody commissions	1,406	638
-Customer account maintenance commissions	270	226
-Swift commissions	146	82
-Bank transfer transactions	96	53
-Transfer commissions	74	58
-Funds transactions	65	37
-Code allocation/inquiry transactions	20	17
Total	7,938	4,370

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**EXPLANATIONS AND DISCLOSURES ON UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

V. Explanations and notes related to risk group of the Bank

1. Volume of related party transactions, income and expense amounts involved and outstanding loan and deposit balances:

a) Current Period:

Bank's Risk Group	Subsidiaries, associates and entities under common control (Joint Ventures)		The bank's direct and indirect shareholders		Other individuals and legal entities included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of the period	-	-	2,054	69,545	-	-
Balance at end of the Period	-	-	9,566	107,340	-	-
Interest and commission income	12	-	1,760	6	48	1

b) Prior Period:

Bank's Risk Group	Subsidiaries, associates and entities under common control (Joint Ventures)		The bank's direct and indirect shareholders		Other individuals and legal entities included in the risk group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of the period ⁽¹⁾	-	-	1,080	59,942	-	-
Balance at end of the period ⁽¹⁾	-	-	2,054	69,545	-	-
Interest and commission income ⁽²⁾	410	-	7	12,529	19	-

⁽¹⁾ 31 December 2025 amounts are expressed.

⁽²⁾ 30 June 2025 amounts are expressed.

c) Information on deposits belonging to the Bank's risk group The Bank is not authorized to accept deposits and there are no deposits belonging to the Bank's risk group as of the balance sheet date: None (31 December 2025: None).

d) Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements made with related parties: None (31 December 2025: None)

2. Disclosures for the risk group of the bank:

a) The relations of the bank with the entities controlled by the Bank and its related parties, regardless of whether there are any transactions or not: None (31 December 2025: None).

b) Besides the structure of relationship, nature of the transaction, amount and ratio to the volume of transactions, amount of major items and ratio to all items, pricing policies and other factors: None (31 December 2025: None).

c) In cases whereby separate disclosure is not necessary, the total of similar items in order to present the total impact on the financial statements: None (31 December 2025: None).

d) Transactions accounted for under the equity method: None (31 December 2025: None).

e) Disclosures related to purchase and sale of real estate and other assets, services given/received, agency contracts, leasing contracts, transferring information as a result of research and development, license contracts, financing (including supports in the form of loans, capital in cash and capital in kind), guarantees and management contracts: None (31 December 2025: None).

VI. Explanations and Notes Related to Subsequent Events

None.

VII. Other Explanations and Notes

None.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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SECTION SIX

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S LIMITED REVIEW REPORT

I. Explanations on the Independent Auditor’s Review Report

The unconsolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2026 were reviewed by PwC Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. and Auditors’ Review Report dated 6 August 2026 is presented in the introduction of this report.

II. Other Footnotes and Explanations Prepared by Independent Auditors

None.

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SECTION SEVEN

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

Evaluation of the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the Period

In the second quarter of 2026, rising geopolitical tensions in the Middle East and the associated uncertainties regarding energy supply were decisive for the global economic outlook. Developments in the Strait of Hormuz created downside risks to the global growth outlook while increasing inflationary pressures, especially in energy-importing countries. In its July 2026 World Economic Outlook Report, the International Monetary Fund revised its global economic growth forecast for 2026 down from 3.1% to 3.0%, while raising its 2027 forecast from 3.2% to 3.4%.

The U.S. economy recorded annualized growth of 2.1% in the first quarter of 2026. As of June, annual consumer inflation stood at 3.5%, while core inflation was 2.6%. At its meetings in the first half of the year, the U.S. Federal Reserve made no change to the policy rate and kept the federal funds rate range unchanged at 3.50%-3.75%.

The Euro Area, among the economies most affected by the rise in energy prices, maintained a weak growth outlook in the first quarter of 2026. Inflation increased to 3.2% in May, while according to preliminary data for June, it stood at 2.8%. The European Central Bank left interest rates unchanged at its March meeting, while at its June meeting it raised the deposit rate by 25 basis points from 2.00% to 2.25%, taking a step toward tightening again after about three years. The Bank also increased the main refinancing operations rate to 2.40% and the marginal lending rate to 2.65%.

The Turkish economy, in the second quarter of 2026, exhibited an outlook in which the disinflation process gradually strengthened and the effects of tight monetary policy on domestic demand were felt more clearly. Despite the balancing in domestic demand, exports, tourism revenues, and industrial production continued to support economic activity. While annual inflation continued its downward trend with the contribution of the base effect and the balancing in demand, it remained above target levels due to stickiness in services inflation and increases in energy prices. Monthly inflation, which stood at 4.18% in April, was announced at 1.71% in May and 0.99% in June. Annual inflation declined to 32.11% as of the end of June. The Central Bank of the Republic of Türkiye (CBRT) maintained the policy rate within the framework of tight monetary policy in order to make price stability permanent. The CBRT, which left the policy rate unchanged at 37% in June, continued to keep the weighted average funding cost at around through upper-band funding, which it has been applying since March.

Takasbank effectively continued to provide its services to Türkiye's money and capital markets in the first six months of 2026 and carried out efficient risk and collateral management in the markets where it operates as a central counterparty, in alignment with international best practices.

Our projects and initiatives aimed at developing and diversifying the services offered to the markets— particularly central counterparty services are carried out in line with sector demands and the specific needs of our country. During this period, efforts to strengthen our technological infrastructure continued in order to manage IT-related operational risks and to ensure that Takasbank services are delivered in a fast, effective, and uninterrupted manner.

With the project launched as of 5 January 2026, it has been made possible for the letter and surety bond relating to the additional performance guarantee, advance payment guarantee, final account guarantee, and temporary acceptance deficiencies guarantee to be transmitted through our Bank for tenders conducted under the Public Procurement Law during the contract process, thereby further expanding the scope of the Public Guarantee Management Platform.

Our projects and initiatives aimed at enhancing and diversifying the services offered to the markets, primarily central counterparty services, have been carried out in line with sector demands and considering the needs of our country. Efforts to strengthen our technological infrastructure to manage information technology-related operational risks and to ensure the continued delivery of Takasbank's services in a timely, efficient, and uninterrupted manner have also been sustained during this period.

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SECTION SEVEN

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT

Evaluation of the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the Period (Continued)

With its strategic perspective and effective management policies, our Bank achieved a pre-tax profit of TRY11,5 billion as of 30 June 2026, while its total assets reached TRY456,9 billion and its equity increased to TRY23,7 billion. Thanks to our preparedness against risks and our technical competence, business continuity will be maintained in the upcoming period, and new products and services will continue to be developed in harmony with our Group companies.

On behalf of myself and our Board of Directors, I would like to extend my sincere thanks to all our stakeholders, especially our employees and managers, who have contributed to the successful performance of our Bank.

Best regards,

Dr. Mahmut KAYACIK
Chairman of the Board of Directors

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Evaluation of the CEO for the Period

Takasbank continued to contribute to the development of the Turkish capital markets and delivered a successful performance in the first six months of 2026.

In the first six months of 2026, due to the increase in market transaction volumes and the expansion of Takasbank's service profile, our fee and commission income rose significantly compared to the same period of the previous year, reaching TRY6,8 billion, while our pre-tax profit amounted to TRY11,5 billion. As of 30 June 2026, Takasbank's total assets reached TRY456,9 billion, its equity amounted to TRY23,7 billion, and the total size of cash collateral stood at TRY376 billion.

As of 30 June 2026, a total transaction volume of TRY188,4 billion was realized in the Borsa Istanbul (BIAS) Debt Securities Market Outright Purchases and Sales Market and the Repo-Reverse Repo Market, including TRY170,8 trillion in private sector bond transactions. Regarding the transactions executed in these markets, Takasbank carried out multilateral netting operations resulting in TRY67,8 trillion in cash settlement and TRY139,3 trillion in securities settlement based on market value. In the BIAS Swap Market, a total bilateral transaction volume of TRY18,5 trillion was realized, of which TRY395,7 billion was in USD and TRY15,1 billion in EUR.

In the BIAS Equity Market, a total transaction volume of TRY33,1 trillion was realized, along with TRY1,5 trillion in cash settlement and TRY5,4 trillion in securities settlement transactions.

As of 30 June 2026, the number of open positions in the Futures and Options Market was 29,8 million, while the total value of open positions amounted to TRY491,9 billion. In the OTC Market, the open position value for the six-month period was recorded as TRY117 billion.

In the six-month period, the transaction volume in the Takasbank Money Market reached TRY8,5 trillion, with a total of 186,541 transactions. The average daily transaction volume was TRY70,1 billion, while the average transaction size amounted to TRY45,4 million.

On the Türkiye Electronic Fund Trading Platform (TEFAS), the transaction volume reached TRY9,2 trillion in the six-month period, with 1024 funds traded. The average daily transaction volume was TRY75,8 billion, while the number of participating institutions was 129.

On the Individual Pension Fund Trading Platform (BEFAS), the transaction volume reached TRY66,4 billion in the six-month period, with 310 funds traded. The average daily transaction volume was TRY549 million, while the number of participating institutions was 15.

Regarding individual pension fund services, as of 30 June 2026, the total fund asset value of 399 individual pension investment funds amounted to TRY2,4 trillion. In the same period, the total fund asset value of 2,261 investment funds reached TRY8,85 trillion; 335 real estate investment funds had a combined asset value of TRY226.35 billion; 587 venture capital investment funds amounted to TRY482,62 billion; 31 exchange-traded funds reached TRY341,58 billion; and 10 securities investment trusts had a total net asset value of TRY2,4 billion.

Within the scope of the cash loan service offered by Takasbank to intermediary institutions, an average of TRY7,8 billion in cash loans was provided daily.

In the first six months of 2026, Takasbank continued its development efforts to deepen the markets and manage financial risks, along with initiatives to strengthen its IT infrastructure, within the framework of its vision of "contributing to the development of markets through reliable and effective post-trade services."

I would like to thank all those who contributed to the success of our Bank, which maintained its services in an effective and uninterrupted manner and delivered a strong financial performance during this period especially our employees.

Best regards,

Dr. Yunus ARINCI
General Manager
Board Member

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026

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EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Bank's Historical Development

The Bank which was originally established as a department of the Borsa İstanbul Inc. ("BIAS") and started its operations under the name of İMKB Takas ve Saklama A.Ş. on 12 July 1991 has been transformed to a non-deposit taking bank on 8 August 1995 with the name of İMKB Takas ve Saklama Bankası A.Ş. upon the resolution of the Council of Ministers No. 95/6551 published in the Official Gazette dated 23 June 1995. In its 18th Ordinary General Assembly dated 29 March 2013, the title of the Bank has been changed to İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası A.Ş.

Capital Structure

Takasbank's paid-in capital is TRY600 million. The Bank has 39 shareholders, and BIAS has 64.18%, 11 banks have 17.04% and 27 brokerage houses have 18,78% shares in its capital.

Shareholder Name	Paid in Capital (Million TRY)	Capital ratio (%)
Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.	385.07	64.18
Tacirler Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	30.00	5.00
Phillip Capital Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	30.00	5.00
Türkiye Garanti Bankası A.Ş.	29.69	4.95
Yapı Kredi Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	26.28	4.38
Türkiye Vakıflar Bankası T.A.O.	26.24	4.37
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	26.24	4.37
Other (Brokerage houses)	26.40	4.40
Other (Bank)	20.10	3.35
Total	600.00	100.00

Names and Shares of the Real or Legal Persons having more than 10% of the capital:

Name	Share Amount (Million TRY)	Ratio (%)
Borsa İstanbul A.Ş.	385.07	64.18

Share transfers of the shareholders within the reporting period

None.

Branch and Personnel Information

The Bank has a total of 474 employees and does not have any branches. The Bank is operating as Head Office.

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Board of Directors, General Manager and Deputy General Managers

Chairman and Members of the Board of Directors	
Name Surname	Area of Responsibility
Dr. Mahmut Kayacık	Chairman
Korkmaz Ergun	Deputy Chairman of the Board
Dr. Yunus Arıncı	Member (General Manager -Chairman of the Credit Committee)
Prof. Dr. Münevver Çetin	Member (Chairman of the Audit Committee – Member of the Risk Committee)
Murat Tacir	Member (Chairman of the Risk Committee – Member of the Audit Committee)
Muhsin Atcı	Member (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee – Reserve Member of the Credit Committee)
Bilal Şentürk	Member (Chairman of the Corporate Governance Committee – Noble Member of the Credit Committee)
Murat Onuk	Member (Noble Member of the Credit Committee – Member of the Corporate Governance Committee)
Hasan Yıldırım	Member (Member of the Remuneration Committee - Reserve Member of the Credit Committee)
General Manager and Deputy General Managers	
Name-Surname	Area of Responsibility
Dr. Yunus Arıncı	General Manager Chairman of the Credit Committee
Gökhan Elibol	Vice President — Markets and Operations
Murat Görgün	Vice President — Central Counterparty and Financial Services
Taşkın Öker	Vice President — Information Technologies

Information Related to Transactions the Bank Performs Conducts with its Risk Group

As part of the transactions carried out with the risk group to which Takasbank belongs, transactions with the Bank's main shareholder, Borsa Istanbul, as well as with institutions where members of the Bank's Board of Directors serve as board members or general managers, are taken into consideration.

Bank's Risk Group	Subsidiaries, associates and Entities under common control (Joint Ventures)		The bank's direct and indirect Shareholders		Other individuals and legal included in the risk Group	
	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash	Cash	Non-cash
Loans and other receivables						
Balance at beginning of the period	-	-	2,054	69,545	-	-
Balance at end of the period	-	-	9,566	107,340	-	-
Interest and commission income	12	-	1,760	6	48	1

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Evaluation on the Bank's Financial Indicators and Performance

Asset Items (Million TRY)	30 June 2026
Financial Assets (Net)	428,393
<i>Cash and Cash Equivalents</i>	<i>427,171</i>
<i>Cash and Balances at Central Bank</i>	<i>231,346</i>
<i>Banks</i>	<i>186,421</i>
<i>Receivables from money markets</i>	<i>9,611</i>
<i>Expected Loss Provision (-)</i>	<i>207</i>
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	1,213
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	9
Derivative Financial Assets	-
Financial Assets At Fair Value Through Amortized Cost (Net)	25,231
<i>Loans</i>	<i>11,794</i>
<i>Other Financial Assets Measured by Amortized Cost</i>	<i>13,458</i>
<i>Expected Loss Provision (-)</i>	<i>21</i>
Equity Investments	5
Tangible Assets (Net)	185
Intangible Assets (Net)	737
Investment Properties (Net)	402
Current Tax Asset	-
Deferred Tax Asset	399
Other Assets	1,560
Total Assets	456,912

Liability Items (Million TRY)	30 June 2026
Funds Borrowed	21,429
Debts to the Money Markets	-
Funds	407,856
<i>Other</i>	<i>407,856</i>
Derivative Financial Liability	-
Lease Liability	29
Provisions	1,025
<i>Reserve for Employee Benefits</i>	<i>297</i>
<i>Other Provisions</i>	<i>728</i>
Current Tax Liability	2,837
Deferred tax liability	-
Shareholder's equity	23,736
Total Liabilities	456,912

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Income and Expense Items (Million TRY)	30 June 2026
Interest Income	9,532
Interest Expense (-)	2,156
Net Interest Income	7,376
Net Fees and Commissions Income/Expense	6,798
Dividend Income	382
Trading Income/Loss	58
Other Operating Income	88
Total Operating Income	14,702
Expected Credit Loss (-)	21
Other Provision Expenses (-)	657
Personnel Expenses (-)	1,802
Other Operating Expenses (-)	686
Net Operating Income/Loss	11,536
Tax Provision for Continuing Operations (-)	(3,236)
Net Profit/Loss	8,300

Financial Ratios (%)	30 June 2026
Net Operating Profit/Total Assets	2.52
Equity/Total Assets	5.19
Net Operating Profit/Equity	48.60
Net Interest Income/Operating Income	50.17

Asset Items (Million TRY)	31 December 2025
Financial Assets (Net)	302,802
Cash and Cash Equivalents	301,626
<i>Cash and Balances at Central Bank</i>	<i>120,000</i>
<i>Banks</i>	<i>177,416</i>
<i>Receivables from money markets</i>	<i>4,405</i>
<i>Expected Loss Provision (-)</i>	<i>195</i>
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	1,167
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	9
Derivative Financial Assets	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Amortized Cost (Net)	16,838
<i>Loans</i>	<i>3,146</i>
<i>Other Financial Assets Measured by Amortized Cost</i>	<i>13,706</i>
<i>Expected Loss Provision (-)</i>	<i>14</i>
Equity Investments	5
Tangible Assets (Net)	139
Intangible Assets (Net)	478
Investment Properties (Net)	402
Current Tax Asset	-
Deferred Tax Asset	520
Other Assets	1,044
Total Assets	322,228

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2026**

(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Liability Items (Million TRY)	31 December 2025
Funds Borrowed	23,934
Debts to the Money Markets	2,873
Funds	270,884
<i>Other</i>	<i>270,884</i>
Derivative Financial Assets	-
Lease Liability	1
Provisions	1,410
<i>Reserve for Employee Benefits</i>	<i>197</i>
<i>Other Provisions</i>	<i>1,213</i>
Current Tax Liability	1,845
Deferred tax liability	-
Shareholder's equity	21,281
Total Liabilities	322,228

İSTANBUL TAKAS VE SAKLAMA BANKASI A.Ş.**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

Income and Expense Items (Million TRY)	30 June 2025
Interest Income	6,588
Interest Expense (-)	1,004
Net Interest Income/Expense	5,584
Net Fees and Commissions Income/Expense	3,967
Dividend Income	299
Trading Income/Loss	138
Other Operating Income	33
Total Operating Income	10,021
Expected Credit Loss (-)	89
Other Provision Expenses (-)	370
Personnel Expenses (-)	1,029
Other Operating Expenses (-)	516
Net Operating Income/Loss	8,017
Tax Provision for Continuing Operations (-)	(2,243)
Net Profit/Loss	5.774

Financial Ratios (%)	30 June 2025
Net Operating Profit/Total Assets	3.04
Equity/Total Assets	5.84
Net Operating Profit/Equity	52.18
Net Interest Income/Operating Income	55,72

**NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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(Amounts expressed in Millions of Turkish Lira (TRY) unless otherwise stated.)

EXPLANATIONS ON INTERIM ACTIVITY REPORT (Continued)

The balance sheet size, which stood at TRY322,228 at the end of 2025, increased to TRY456,912 as of the end of June 2026. The “banks” account, representing the largest amount among total assets, was recorded at TRY186,422. The “loans” account increased by 275%, rising from TRY3,146 at the end of the previous year to TRY11,794.

Among the Bank’s liabilities, the “funds borrowed” item, which holds the most significant share, rose by 51% from TRY270,884 at the end of the previous year to TRY407,856.

The balance of funds borrowed by the Bank, which stood at TRY23,933 at the end of the previous year, increased to TRY21,429 as of the current period.

As of the end of the second quarter of 2026, the Bank recorded a pre-tax profit of TRY11,537 and a post-tax profit of TRY8,306.

As of the end of June 2026, total interest income amounted to TRY9,532, of which TRY6,792 came from banks, TRY1,301 from securities, TRY1,654 from loans, and TRY55 from other interest income. Total interest expenses for the period amounted to TRY2,156.

The Bank generated TRY7,938 in commission income from its services and paid TRY1,140 in commissions related to Turkish lira and foreign currency transactions. As of the end of June 2026, net fee and commission income amounted to TRY6,798.

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